D-Link®



User Manual

4G LTE Router

Preface

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FCC Regulations

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This device has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

 $Changes\ or\ modifications\ not\ expressly\ approved\ by\ the\ party\ responsible\ for\ compliance\ could\ void\ the\ user's\ authority\ to\ operate\ the\ equipment.$

The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

This device complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. In order to avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna shall not be less than 20cm (8 inches) during normal operation.

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Product Overview Package Contents

- D-Link DWR-921 4G LTE Router
- Power adapter
- Manual and Warranty on CD
- (2) Antennas

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DWR-921 will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

System Requirements

- A compatible (U)SIM card with service.*
- Computer with Windows, Mac OS, or Linux-based operating system with an installed Ethernet adapter
- Internet Explorer 6 or Firefox 7 or above (for configuration)

^{*}Subject to services and service terms available from your carrier.

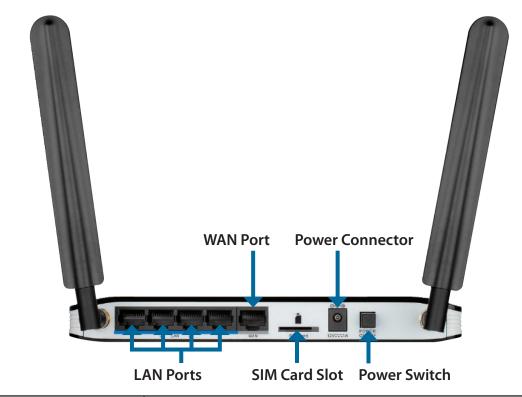
Introduction

The D-Link 4G LTE Router allows users to access worldwide mobile broadband networks. Once connected, users can transfer data, stream media, and send SMS messages. Simply insert your UMTS/HSUPA SIM card, and share your 3G/4G Internet connection through a secure 802.11n wireless network or using any of the four 10/100 Ethernet ports.

Keep your wireless network safe with WPA/WPA2 wireless encryption. The DWR-921 utilizes dual-active firewalls (SPI and NAT) to prevent potential attacks across the Internet, and includes MAC address filtering to control access to your network.

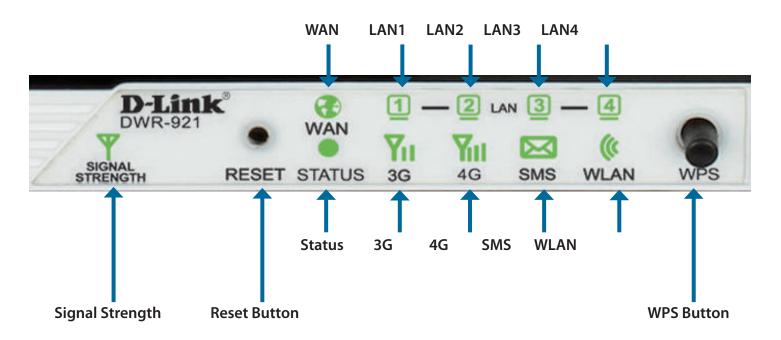
The 4G LTE Router can be installed quickly and easily almost anywhere. This router is great for situations where an impromptu wireless network must be set up, or wherever conventional network access is unavailable. The DWR-921 can even be installed in buses, trains, or boats, allowing passengers to check e-mail or chat online while commuting.

Hardware Overview Rear Panel



Port	Function	
LAN Ports	Connects to a network device such as a desktop or notebook	
(RJ-45)	computer through an Ethernet cable.	
WAN Port	Connects to a DSL/Cable modem or router through an Ethernet	
(RJ-45)	cable.	
SIM	Accepts a standard (U)SIM card for 3G/4G connectivity.	
Power	Connects to the included power adapter.	
Power Switch	Turns the device on or off.	

Hardware Overview Front Panel



Button Name	Function
Reset	Press this button with an unfolded paperclip to reset
	the device.
WPS	Press this button to initiate a new WPS connection.
	Refer to "Wi-Fi Protected Setup" on page 29 for more
	details.

Hardware Overview LEDs

LED Name	Function	
Signal	Blinking Red: No SIM card / signal or unverified PIN code	
Strength	Solid Red: Signal strength is at level one (weak)	
	Solid Amber: Signal strength is at level two or three (medium)	
	Solid Green: Signal strength is at level four or five (strong)	
Status	Blinking Green: Device is working	
WAN	Solid Green: Ethernet connection has been established	
	Blinking Green: Data is being transferred	
LAN 1-4	Solid Green: Ethernet connection has been established	
	Blinking Green: Data is being transferred	
Status	Blinking Green: Device is working	
3G	Solid Green: UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA connection has been established	
	Blinking Green: Data is being transferred via 3G	
4G	Solid Green: LTE connection has been established	
	Blinking: Data is being transferred via 4G	
SMS	Solid Green: SMS storage is full	
	Blinking Green: There is an unread SMS message	
WLAN	Solid Green: WLAN is active and available	
	Blinking Green: Data is being transferred over the WLAN	

Installation

This section will guide you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in an attic or garage.

Connect to Your Network

- 1. Ensure that your DWR-921 4G LTE Router is disconnected and powered off.
- 2. Insert a standard (U)SIM card into the SIM card slot on the back of the router as indicated by the SIM card logo next to the slot. The gold contacts should face downwards.

Caution: Always unplug/power down the router before installing or removing the SIM card. Never insert or remove the SIM card while the router is in use.

3. Insert your Internet/WAN network cable into the WAN port on the back of the router.

Note: The 3G/4G connection can also be used as a backup WAN. Once a backup is configured, the router will automatically use 3G for the Internet connection if the Ethernet WAN is not available.

4. Insert the Ethernet cable into the LAN Port 1 on the back panel of the DWR-921 4G LTE Router and an available Ethernet port on the network adapter in the computer you will use to configure the router.

Note: The DWR-921 4G LTE Router LAN Ports are Auto-MDI/MDIX, so both patch and crossover Ethernet cables can be used.

- 5. Connect the power adapter to the socket on the back panel of your DWR-921 4G LTE Router. Plug the other end of the power adapter into a wall outlet or power strip and turn the device on.
 - a. The Status LED will light up to indicate that power has been supplied to the router.
 - b. The LEDs on the front panel will flash on and off as the DWR-921 4G LTE Router performs initialization and Internet connection processes.
 - c. After a few moments, if a connection has been established, the following LEDs will turn solid green: Power, Status, WAN, WLAN, and any LAN Port LEDs that are connected computers or other devices.

Wireless Installation Considerations

The DWR-921 can be accessed using a wireless connection from anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind that the quantity, thickness, and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through may limit the range of the wireless signal. Ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or office. The key to maximizing the wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

- 1. Minimize the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices. Each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3 to 90 feet (1 to 30 meters).
- 2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (0.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick. Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- 3. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through open doorways and drywall. Materials such as glass, metal, brick, insulation, concrete, and water can affect wireless performance. Large objects such as fish tanks, mirrors, file cabinets, metal doors, and aluminum studs may also have a negative effect on range.
- 4. If you are using 2.4 GHz cordless phones, make sure that the 2.4 GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless device as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use. In some cases, cordless phones, X-10 wireless devices, and electronic equipment such as ceiling fans, fluorescent lights, and home security systems may dramatically degrade wireless connectivity.

Configuration

This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link mobile router using the web-based configuration utility.

Web-based Configuration Utility

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1 by default).



To log in to the configuration utility, enter **admin** as the username, and then enter the password. By default, the password is blank.

If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.



The configuration utility will open to the **STATUS** > **DEVICE INFO** page. You can view different configuration pages by clicking on the categories at the top of the screen (SETUP/ADVANCED/TOOLS/STATUS/SUPPORT), and then selecting a configuration page from the bar on the left side.

The following pages will describe each section in detail, starting with the **SETUP** pages.



Setup

The **SETUP** pages allow you to configure your Internet and wireless settings, as well as manage your SMS inbox. To view the Setup configuration pages, click on **SETUP** at the top of the screen.

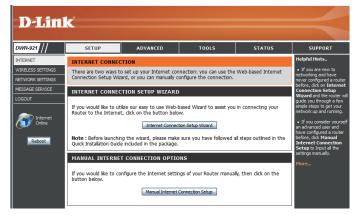


Internet

The Internet page allows you to configure how your router connects to the Internet. There are two ways to set up your Internet connection.

You can click on the **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** button to start a wizard that will guide you through setting up your Internet settings.

If you want to manually configure your settings, click **Manual Internet Connection Setup** and skip to "Manual Internet Connection Setup" on page 12.



Internet Connection Setup Wizard

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your D-Link router to connect to the Internet.

Click Next to continue.

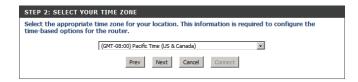
Note: While using the wizard, you can click **Prev** to go back to the previous step, or you can click **Cancel** to close the wizard.



Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.



Select your time zone from the drop-down box and then click **Next** to continue.



Select the Internet connection type you use. The connection types are explained on the following page. If you are unsure which connection type you should use, contact your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Click **Prev** to go back to the previous page or click **Cancel** to close the wizard.

Note: The DWR-921 has a WAN Failover feature that allows the router to switch to a 3G/4G connection if the WAN connection is down or unavailable. To configure this feature, please refer to "Internet Connection" on page 12.



The subsequent configuration pages will differ depending on the selection you make on this page.

	Choose this if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most cable modems use this type of connection. See "Dynamic IP (DHCP)" on page 14 for information about how to configure this type of connection.
	Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to connect. Most DSL modems use this style of connection. See "PPPoE" on page 15 for information about how to configure this type of connection.
	Choose this option if your Internet connection requires Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP). See "PPTP" on page 17 for information about how to configure this type of connection.
	Choose this option if your Internet connection requires Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP). See "L2TP" on page 19 for information about how to configure this type of connection.
3G/4G Connection:	Choose this connection if you have installed a SIM card into the DWR-921. See "3G/4G" on page 20 for information about how to configure this type of connection.
Static IP Address	Choose this option if your Internet Service Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be

Connection: manually configured. See "Static IP" on page 13 for information about how to configure this type of connection.

After entering the requested information, click **Next** to continue.

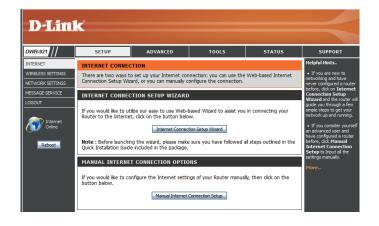
Note: If you are not sure what connection type to use or what settings to enter, check with your Internet service provider.

This completes the Internet Connection Setup Wizard. Click **Connect** to save your changes and reboot the router.



Manual Internet Connection Setup

To set up your Internet connection manually, click Manual Internet Connection Setup.



Internet Connection

Several different Internet Connection types can be selected depending upon the specifications of your Internet Service Provider (ISP). You can also set up the Auto-Backup feature, which allows you to use a 3G/4G connection for your Internet connection if your main connection fails.

My Internet Select the Internet Connection type specified by your Internet **Connection is:** Service Provider (ISP). The corresponding settings will be displayed below. Please see the following pages for details on

how to configure these different connection types.

Host Name:

If the Internet Host you are using for the Auto-Backup feature requires you to enter a Host Name, enter it here. In most cases,

you may leave this blank.

Auto-Backup: When this box is checked, the router will switch over to a

3G/4G connection if the Internet Host (specified below) is

unreachable.

Internet Host: Enter an IP address for the router to use to check if it is connected to the Internet. If Auto-Backup is enabled and the

IP address cannot be reached, the router will switch over to a

3G/4G connection.



Static IP

Choose this Internet connection if your ISP assigns you a static IP address. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

IP Address: Enter the IP address assigned to your network connection.

Subnet Mask: Enter the subnet mask.

Default Gateway: Enter the default gateway.

Primary DNS Server: Enter the primary DNS server.

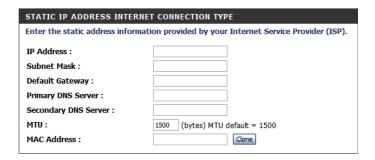
Secondary DNS Server: Enter the secondary DNS server.

MTU: You may need to change the Maximum Transmission Unit

(MTU) for optimal performance. The default value is 1500.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical

interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.



Dynamic IP (DHCP)

This section will help you to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. Use this option if your ISP didn't provide you with IP Address information and/or a username and password. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Primary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of primary DNS server.

Secondary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in with IP address of secondary DNS server.

MTU (Maximum You may need to change the Maximum Transmission Unit Transmission Unit): (MTU) for optimal performance. The default value is 1500.

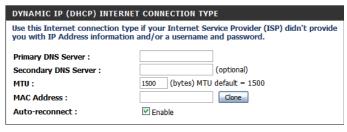
MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical

interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC

address with the MAC address of your PC.

Auto-reconnect: This feature enables this product to renew the WAN IP address

automatically when the lease time has expired.



Save Settings Don't Save Settings

PPPoE

Choose this Internet connection if your ISP provides you with a PPPoE account. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

Username: The username/account name that your ISP provides to you for

PPPoE dial-up.

Password: Password that your ISP provides to you for PPPoE dial-up.

Verify Password: Fill in with the same password in Password field.

Service Name: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP.

IP Address: Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default value.

Primary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default

value.

Secondary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default

value.

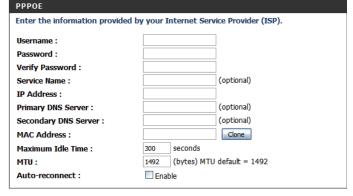
MAC Address: MAC address of WAN interface. You can also copy MAC address

of your PC to its WAN interface by clicking the **Clone** button.

Maximum Idle Time: The amount of time of inactivity before disconnecting an

established PPPoE session. Set it to zero or enable Auto-

reconnect will disable this feature.

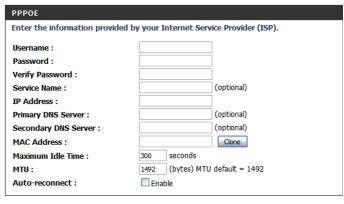


Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Maximum Transmission The default setting of PPPoE is 1492. Unit (MTU):

Auto-reconnect: The device will automatically reconnect to your PPPoE

connection automatically.



Save Settings Don't Save Settings

PPTP

Choose this Internet connection if your ISP provides you with a PPTP account. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

Address Mode: Choose Static IP only if your ISP assigns you an IP address.

Otherwise, please choose Dynamic IP.

PPTP IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP.

(Only applicable for Static IP PPTP.)

PPTP Subnet Mask: Enter the information provided by your ISP.

(Only applicable for Static IP PPTP.)

PPTP Gateway IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP.

(Only applicable for Static IP PPTP.)

PPTP Server IP Address: IP address of PPTP server.

Username: User/account name that your ISP provides to you for PPTP dial-

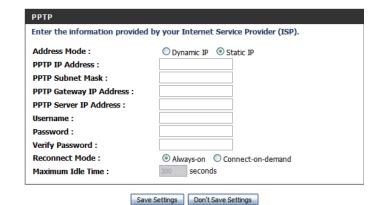
up.

Password: Password that your ISP provides to you for PPTP dial-up.

Verify Password: Re-enter your password for verification.

Reconnect Mode: Choose **Always-on** when you want to establish PPTP

connection all the time. If you choose **Connect-on-demand**, the device will establish a PPTP connection when local users want to surf Internet, and disconnect if there is no traffic after the time period defined by the **Maximum Idle Time** setting.



Maximum Idle Time: The time of no activity to disconnect your PPTP session. Set it to zero or choose Always-on to disable this feature.

PPTP	
Enter the information provided	by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Address Mode :	O Dynamic IP
PPTP IP Address :	
PPTP Subnet Mask :	
PPTP Gateway IP Address :	
PPTP Server IP Address :	
Username :	
Password :	
Verify Password :	
Reconnect Mode:	Always-on
Maximum Idle Time :	300 seconds

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

L2TP

Choose this Internet connection if your ISP provides you with an L2TP account. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

Address Mode: Choose Static IP only if your ISP assigns you an IP address.

Otherwise, please choose Dynamic IP.

L2TP IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP.

(Only applicable for Static IP L2TP.)

L2TP Subnet Mask: Enter the information provided by your ISP.

(Only applicable for Static IP L2TP.)

L2TP Gateway IP Address: Enter the information provided by your ISP.

(Only applicable for Static IP L2TP.)

L2TP Server IP Address: IP address of L2TP server.

Username: User/account name that your ISP provides to you for L2TP dial-

up.

Password: Password that your ISP provides to you for L2TP dial-up.

Verify Password: Fill in with the same password in Password field.

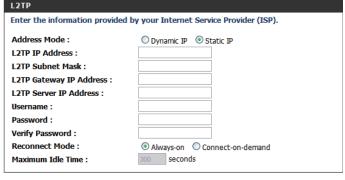
Reconnect Mode: Choose Always-on when you want to establish L2TP

connection all the time. Choose Connect-on-demand the device will establish L2TP connection when local users want to surf Internet, and disconnect if no traffic after time period of

Maximum Idle Time.

Maximum Idle Time: The time of no activity to disconnect your L2TP session. Set it

to 0 or choose Always-on to disable this feature.



Save Settings Don't Save Settings

3G/4G

Choose this Internet connection if you already use a SIM card for 3G/4G Internet service from your mobile service company. The fields here may not be necessary for your connection. The information on this page should only be used if required by your service provider. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Prefer Service Type: Choose whether the DWR-921 should only use 4G networks,

3G networks, or use Auto Mode to automatically select a

network.

Account/Profile Name: Fill in a name to identify the following 3G/4G configuration.

Country/Telecom: Select your country and telecom to automatically fill in some

of the required settings.

Username: (Optional) Fill in only if requested by ISP.

Password: (Optional) Fill in only if requested by ISP.

Dialed Number: Enter the number to be dialed.

Authentication: Select PAP, CHAP, or Auto detection. The default authentication

method is Auto.

APN: (Optional) Enter the APN information.

Pin Code: Enter the PIN associated with your SIM card.

Reconnect Mode: Select Auto or Manual to decide whether the routher should

reconnect to your 3G/4G network automatically or manually.

Maximum Idle Time: Set the maximum time your connection can be idle before

disconnecting. Set it to 0 or choose Auto in Reconnect Mode

to disable this feature.

36/46 INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).	
Dial-Up Profile :	
Country :	Albania ▼
Telecom:	Vodafone ▼
3G Network:	WCDMA/HSPA ▼
Account/Profile Name:	
Username :	(optional)
Password :	(optional)
Verify Password :	(optional)
Dialed Number :	
Authentication:	Auto 🕶
APN:	
Pin Code :	
Reconnect Mode :	Auto Manual
Maximum Idle Time :	300 seconds
Primary DNS Server :	
Secondary DNS Server :	
Keep Alive :	Disable Use Ping
Bridge ethernet ports :	Enable
Roaming:	Enable
DNS check:	☑ Enable
NAT disable :	Enable

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Primary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default

value.

Secondary DNS Server: (Optional) Fill in if provided by your ISP. If not, keep the default

value.

Keep Alive: Select Disable or Use Ping depending on the settings required

by your ISP. If you select Use Ping, set the ping interval and the

IP address to ping.

Bridge Ethernet Ports: Activate this feature to use the Ethernet WAN port as an

additional LAN port.

Roaming: Enabling this option will allow you to connect when roaming.

Note: Roaming connections may incur additional fees from

your service provider.

DNS Check: Enabling this will send periodic DNS checks to make sure your

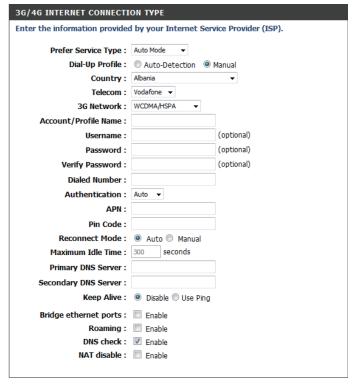
connection is alive, and if the check fails, it will restart your 3G

connection to resume connectivity.

NAT Disable: Enabling this option will disable the NAT function of the DWR-

921, allowing it to act as a link for your devices to your Internet

connection, but without routing functions.



Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Wireless Settings

This section will help you to manually configure the wireless settings of your router. Please note that changes made on this section may also need to be duplicated on your wireless devices and clients.

The Wireless Settings page allows you to configure how your router connects to the Internet. There are several ways to set up your wireless connection.

You can click on the **Wireless Connection Setup Wizard** button to start a wizard that will guide you through setting up your wireless settings.

If you want to manually configure your settings, click the **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** button and skip to "Manual Wireless Connection Setup" on page 24.

You can also set up a wireless connection to a device automatically, or configure your router automatically through Windows by clicking the **Wi-Fi Protected Setup** button. This is described in "Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)" on page 29.



Wireless Connection Setup Wizard

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your D-Link router's wireless.

Click **Next** to continue.

Note: While using the wizard, you can click **Prev** to go back to the previous page or you can click **Cancel** to close the wizard.



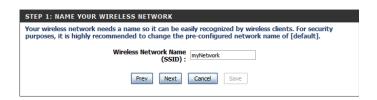
Enter a name for your wireless network, then click **Next** to continue.

Select a level of wireless security to use, then click **Next** to continue.

If you chose BEST or BETTER, select whether to use TKIP or AES encryption, then enter a password to use for your wireless network. It is recommended that you use AES if your wireless computers and devices support it, as it is more secure. Click **Next** to continue.

If you chose GOOD, select whether to use a HEX or ASCII password, then enter a password to use for your wireless network. If you choose HEX, you will need to enter a 10 or 26 digit password using only hex characters (0-9, A-F). If you choose ASCII, the password can be up to 5 or 13 alphanumeric characters. Click **Next** to continue.

This completes the Wireless Connection Setup Wizard. Click **Save** to save your changes and reboot the router.



STEP 3: SET YOUR WIRELESS SECURITY PASSWORD	
Once you have selected your security level - you will need to set a wireless security password. With this password, a unique security key will be generated.	
Wireless Security Password : AES myPassword myPasswor	
Prev Next Cancel Save	



tailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client
Wireless Network Name (SSID): myNetwork
Prev. Next Cancel Save

Manual Wireless Connection Setup

To set up your wireless connection manually, click Manual Wireless Connection Setup.



Wireless Settings

This page lets you set up your wireless network and choose a wireless security mode. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Enable Wireless: Select this checkbox to enable wireless access. When you set

this option, the following parameters take effect.

Wireless Network Name: Also known as the SSID (Service Set Identifier), this is the name

of your Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN). Enter a name using up to 32 alphanumeric characters. The SSID is case-

sensitive.

802.11 Mode: B/G mixed: Enable this mode if your network contains a mix of

802.11b and 802.11g devices.

Nonly: Enable this mode if your network only has 802.11n

devices.

B/G/N mixed: Enable this mode if you have a mix of 802.11n,

802.11g, and 802.11b clients.

Auto Channel Scan: Enabling this feature will allow the router to scan for the best

channel to use automatically.

Wireless Channel: A wireless network uses specific channels in the wireless

spectrum to handle communication between clients. Some channels in your area may experience interference from other electronic devices. Choose the clearest channel to help optimize the performance and coverage of your wireless network, or enable Auto Channel Scan for the router to

automatically select the best channel.

Visibility Status: This setting determines whether the SSID will be Visible or

Invisible to wireless clients looking for wireless networks. Setting this to **Invisible** can increase the security of your network by hiding it, but clients will need to manually enter

the SSID of your network to connect.



Wireless Security Mode

You can choose from several different wireless security modes. After selecting a mode, the settings for that mode will appear. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Security Mode: You can choose from 4 different security modes.

- None: No security will be used. This setting is not recommended.
- WEP: WEP encryption will be used. This setting is only recommended if your wireless devices cannot support WPA or WPA2.
- **WPA-Personal:** WPA-PSK encryption will be used. This setting is recommended for most users.
- WPA-Enterprise: WPA-EAP encryption will be used. This setting is only recommended if you have a RADIUS authentication server. Otherwise, WPA-Personal should be used.



If you choose **WEP**, the following options will appear:

Authentication: Select whether to use Open or Shared authentication.

WEP Encryption: Select whether to use **64-bit** or **128-bit** encryption.

Default WEP Key: Select which WEP key (1-4) to use as the default key. This will

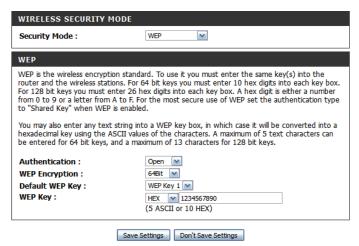
also change the WEP Key text box to that WEP key for your to

configure(1-4).

WEP Key: Set the WEP key/password for your wireless network. Based

on whether you are using 64 or 128-bit encryption, and whether you are using a HEX or ASCII key, you will need to enter different numbers of characters for your key, as indicated below the WEP Key text box. ASCII keys may use letters and numbers only, and HEX keys may use numbers 0-9 and letters

A-F only.



If you choose WPA-Personal, the following options will appear:

WPA Mode: Select whether to use WPA2 only or WPA only. WPA2 only is

the most secure, provided that all of your clients can support

it.

Cipher Type: Select whether to use the **TKIP** or **AES** cipher. The **AES** cipher is

the most secure, provided that all of your clients can support

it.

Network Key: Enter the key/password you want to use for your wireless

network. The key must be 8 to 63 characters long, and may

only contain letters and numbers.



If you choose WPA-Enterprise, the following options will appear:

WPA Mode: Select whether to use WPA2 only or WPA only. WPA2 only is

the most secure, provided that all of your clients can support

it.

Cipher Type: Select whether to use the **TKIP** or **AES** cipher. The **AES** cipher is

the most secure, provided that all of your clients can support

it.

RADIUS Server IP Enter the IP address of your RADIUS server.

Address:

RADIUS Server Port: Enter the port used for your RADIUS server.

RADIUS Server Shared Enter the Shared Secret/password for your RADIUS server.

Secret:

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE
Security Mode : WPA-Enterprise
WPA
Use WPA or WPA2 mode to achieve a balance of strong security and best compatibility. This mode uses WPA for legacy clients while maintaining higher security with stations that are WPA2 capable. Also the strongest cipher that the client supports will be used. For best security, use WPA2 Only mode. This mode uses AES(CCMP) cipher and legacy stations are not allowed access with WPA security. For maximum compatibility, use WPA Only. This mode uses TKIP cipher. Some gaming and legacy devices work only in this mode. To achieve better wireless performance use WPA2 Only security mode (or in other words AES)
cipher).
WPA Mode: WPA only MPA
Cipher Type : AES 💌
EAP (802.1X)
When WPA enterprise is enabled, the router uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS server.
RADIUS Server IP Address : 0.0.0.0
RADIUS server Port : 1812

RADIUS server Shared Secret:

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)

To open the Wi-Fi Protected Setup page, click Wi-Fi Protected Setup.



The Wi-Fi Protected Setup page allows you to create a wireless connection between your router and a device automatically by simply pushing a button or entering a PIN code.

You can also use Windows 7 to do initial configuration of your router by using the **Connect to a network** wizard in Windows, and entering the WPS PIN/AP PIN of the router when prompted. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.



WPS: Select whether you would like to enable or disable WPS features.

AP PIN (also known as If you use Windows 7's Connect to a network wizard to do WPS PIN): initial configuration of the router, you will need to enter the WPS PIN/AP PIN into the wizard when prompted. The factory default WPS PIN/AP PIN is printed on a label located on the bottom of the router. You can click the Generate New PIN button to change it to a randomly generated PIN.

Config Mode: Select whether the WPS config mode should be set to Registrar or Enrollee. In most cases, this should be set to Registrar so that you can use WPS to connect new wireless clients.

Config Status:

If this is set to **CONFIGURED**, the router will be marked as "already configured" to computers that try to use WPS configuration, such as Windows 7's Connect to a network wizard. You can click the **Release** button to change the status to **UNCONFIGURED** to allow for WPS configuration of the router.

If this is set to **UNCONFIGURED**, you can click the **Set** button to change the status to **CONFIGURED** to block WPS configuration of the router.

Config Method:

This lets you choose whether to use the **Push Button** connection method (PBC) or PIN method to connect to a wireless client when the **Trigger** button is clicked. If you choose the PIN method, you will need to enter an 8-digit PIN number that the wireless client need to use to connect to your router.

WPS Status: This will show the current WPS connection process status. Click

the **Trigger** button to initiate a WPS connection.

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP WPS: ● Enable ○ Disable 48757751 Generate New PIN AP PIN: Registrar 💌 Confia Mode: UNCONFIGURED Set Config Status: Disable WPS-PIN Method: Push Button Config Method: WPS status: IDLE Trigger

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Network Settings

This section will help you to change the internal network settings of your router and to configure the DHCP Server settings. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Router Settings

Router IP Address: Enter the IP address you want to use for the router. The default

IP address is **192.168.0.1**. If you change the IP address, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get into

the configuration utility.

Default Subnet Mask: Enter the **Subnet Mask** of the router. The default subnet mask

is **255.255.2**5.0.

Local Domain Name: Enter the local domain name for your network.



DHCP Server Settings

The DWR-921 has a built-in DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) server. The DHCP server assigns IP addresses to devices on the network that request them. By default, the DHCP Server is enabled on the device. The DHCP address pool contains a range of IP addresses, which is automatically assigned to the clients on the network. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Enable DHCP Server: Select this box to enable the DHCP server on your router.

DHCP IP Address Range: Enter the range of IPs for the DHCP server to use to assign IP

addresses to devices on your network.

DHCP Lease Time: Enter lease time for IP address assignments.

Primary DNS IP Address: Enter the primary DNS IP Address that will be assigned to

DHCP clients.

Secondary DNS IP Enter the secondary DNS IP Address that will be assigned to

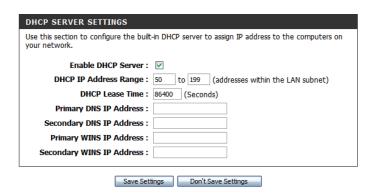
Address: DHCP clients.

Primary WINS IP Address: Enter the primary WINS IP Address that will be assigned to

DHCP clients.

Secondary WINS IP Enter the secondary WINS IP Address that will be assigned to

Address: DHCP clients.



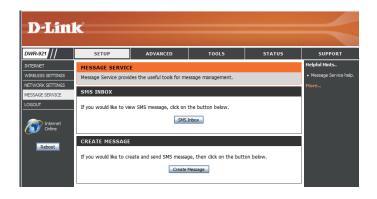
Message Service

If your ISP provides SMS service, you can check and send messages from this page.

SMS Inbox: Click this button to view SMS messages that you have

received.

Create Message: Click this button to create a new message to send.



SMS Inbox

This page shows all messages that are stored on the SIM card. Select a message to display its contents in the SMS window. After you read it, you can delete it, or reply to the sender. Click the **Refresh** button to update the list.

Delete: Deletes the selected SMS message.

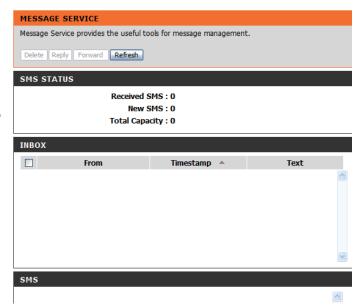
Reply: Opens a Create Message window to reply to the selected SMS

message.

Forward: Opens a Create Message windows to forward the selected SMS

message to another recipient.

Refresh: Click this button to check for new messages.



Create Message

This page allows you to send an SMS to your contacts. Just fill in the phone number of the recipient, and type the content of message. Then push the "Send Message" button to send out this message. If you would like to add more than one recipient, you must put a semicolon (;) between each of the phone numbers.

Receiver: Type the phone number of the recipient.

Text Message: Type the message that you would like to send.

Send Message: Click this button to send the message.

Cancel: Click this button to clear the message.



Advanced

The ADVANCED pages allow you to configure the more advanced settings of the router, such as Virtual Server(Port Forwarding), MAC and URL filtering, and advanced wireless and network settings. To view the Advanced configuration pages, click on ADVANCED at the top of the screen.



Virtual Server

The device can be configured as a virtual server so that users can access services such as Web or FTP via the public (WAN) IP address of the router. You can also allow the settings to run on a specified schedule. The Virtual Server function is also known as Port Forwarding. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

Well-known Services: This contains a list of pre-defined services. You can select a service, select a rule ID, then click the **Copy to** button to copy the default settings for that service to the specified rule ID.

> ID: Specifies which rule to copy the selected Well known service settings to when you click the **Copy to** button.

Use schedule rule: Select a schedule to use and copy to the specified rule ID when you click the **Copy to** button. You may select **Always On** or use a specific schedule that you have defined. To create and edit schedules, please refer to "Schedules" on page 55.



VIRTUAL SERVERS LIST

ID: This identifies the rule.

Service Ports Enter the public port(s) you want to open.

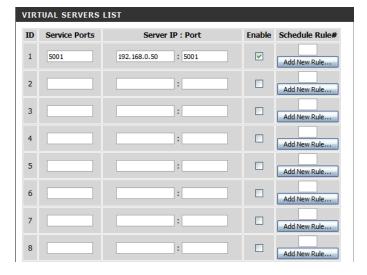
Server IP: Port: Enter the IP address and port of the computer on your local

network that you want to forward the Service Ports to.

Enable: Tick the checkbox to enable the specified rule.

Schedule Rule #: Specify the schedule rule number. To create schedules, please

refer to "Schedules" on page 55.



Application Rules

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, and Internet telephony among others. These applications may have difficulty working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Application Rules allow some of these applications to work with the DWR-921 by opening ports after detecting traffic being sent through a trigger port. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

Popular Applications: Select from a list of popular applications. You can select a service, select a rule ID, then click the Copy to button to copy the default settings for that service to the specified rule ID.

> **ID:** Specifies which rule to copy the selected **Popular application** settings to when you click the **Copy to** button.

APPLICATION RULES

ID: This identifies the rule.

Trigger: Enter the port to listen to in order to trigger the rule.

Incoming Ports: Specify the incoming port(s) to open when traffic comes over

the **Trigger** port.

Enable: Tick the checkbox to enable the specified rule.



QoS Engine

The **QoS Engine** improves your online gaming or streaming media experience by ensuring that your game or media traffic is prioritized over other network traffic, such as FTP or Web. For best performance, use the Automatic Classification option to automatically set the priority for your applications. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

QOS ENGINE SETUP

Enable QOS Packet Filter: Select this box to enable the QoS feature.

Upstream Bandwidth: Specify the maximum upstream bandwidth here (e.g. 400 kbps).

Use Schedule Rule: Select a schedule to use and copy to the specified rule ID when

you click the **Copy to** button. You may select **Always On** or use a specific schedule that you have defined. To create and edit

schedules, please refer to "Schedules" on page 55.

OOS RULES

ID: This identifies the rule.

Local IP : Ports: Specify the local IP address(es) and port(s) for the rule to affect.

Remote IP: Ports: Specify the remote IP address(es) and port(s) for the rule to affect.

QoS Priority: Select what priority level to use for traffic affected by the rule: **Low, Normal, or High**.

Enable: Tick the checkbox to enable the specified rule.

Use Rule #: Specify the schedule rule number. To create schedules, please refer to "Schedules" on page 55.



MAC Address Filter

The MAC (Media Access Controller) Address Filter option is used to control network access based on the MAC Address of the network adapter. A MAC address is a unique ID assigned by the manufacturer of the network adapter. This feature can be configured to ALLOW or DENY network/ Internet access. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

MAC FILTERING SETTINGS

MAC Address Control: Tick this box to enable MAC Filtering.

Connection Control: Wireless and wired clients with **C** selected can connect to this

device and **allow/deny** connections from unspecified MAC

addresses.

Association Control: Wireless clients with **A** selected can associate to the wireless

LAN and **allow/deny** connections from unspecified MAC

addresses.

MAC FILTERING RULES

ID: This identifies the rule.

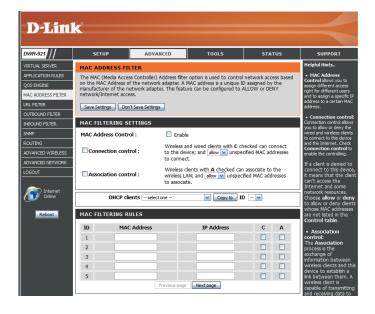
MAC Address: Specify the MAC Address of the computer to be filtered.

IP Address: Specify the last section of the IP address.

Wake On LAN: Click Trigger to configure Wake On LAN.

C: If this box is ticked, the rule will follow the connection control setting specified in MAC filtering settings specified above.

If this box is ticked, the rule will follow the association control setting specified in MAC filtering settings specified above.



URL Filter

URL Filter allows you to set up a list of websites that will be blocked from users on your network. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

URL Filtering: Select this box to enable URL Filtering.

URL FILTERING RULES

ID: This identifies the rule.

URL: Enter URL that you would like to block. All URLs that begin

with this URL will be blocked.

Enable: Tick the checkbox to enable the specified rule.



Outbound Filter

Outbound Filter enables you to control what packets are allowed to be sent out to the Internet. The outbound filter applies to all outbound packets. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

OUTBOUND FILTER SETTING

Outbound Filter: Select this box to Enable outbound filtering.

Use Schedule Rule: Select a schedule to use and copy to the specified rule ID

when you click the **Copy to** button. You may select **Always On** or use a specific schedule that you have defined. To create and

edit schedules, please refer to "Schedules" on page 55.

OUTBOUND FILTER RULES LIST

Here, you can select whether to Allow or Deny all outgoing traffic except for traffic that matches the listed rules.

ID: This identifies the rule.

Source IP: Ports: Specify the local IP address and then specify the port after the

colon.

Destination IP : Ports: Specify the remote IP address and then the port after the

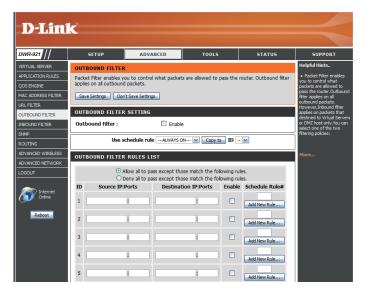
colon.

Enable: Tick the checkbox to enable the specified rule.

Schedule Rule #: Specify the schedule rule number.

Previous Page: Go back to the previous filter page.

Next Page: Advance to the next filter page.



Inbound Filter

Inbound Filter enables you to control what packets are allowed to come in to your network from the Internet. The inbound filter only applies to packets that are destined for Virtual Servers or DMZ hosts. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

INBOUND FILTER SETTING

Inbound Filter: Select this box to **Enable** the filter.

Use Schedule Rule: Select a schedule to use and copy to the specified rule ID

when you click the **Copy to** button. You may select **Always On** or use a specific schedule that you have defined. To create and

edit schedules, please refer to "Schedules" on page 55.

INBOUND FILTER RULES LIST

Here, you can select whether to Allow or Deny all incoming traffic except for traffic that matches the listed rules.

ID: This identifies the rule.

Source IP: Ports: Specify the local IP address and then specify the port after the

colon.

Destination IP: Ports: Specify the remote IP address and then the port after the

colon.

Enable: Tick the checkbox to enable the specified rule.

Schedule Rule #: Specify the schedule rule number.

Previous Page: Go back to the previous filter page.

Next Page: Advance to the next filter page.



SNMP

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) is a widely used network monitoring and control protocol that reports activity on each network device to the administrator of the network. SNMP can be used to monitor traffic and statistics of the DWR-921. The DWR-921 supports SNMP v1 and v2c. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

SNMP

SNMP Local: Select whether to **Enable** or **Disable** local SNMP

administration.

SNMP Remote: Select whether to **Enable** or **Disable** remote SNMP

administration.

Get Community: Enter the password **public** in this field to allow read-only

access to network administration using SNMP. You can view the network, but no configuration is possible with this setting.

Set Community: Enter the password **private** in this field to enable

read/write access to the network using SNMP.

IP 1, IP 2, IP 3, IP 4: Enter up to 4 IP addresses to use as trap targets for your

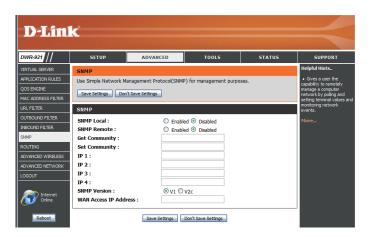
network.

SNMP Version: Select the SNMP version of your system.

WAN Access IP Address If you want to limit remote access SNMP access, enter the IP

address of the remote computer you will use to access this device; all other IP addresses will be denied remote SNMP

access.



Routing

The **Routing** page allows you to specify custom routes that determine how data is moved around your network. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

RIP SETTING

RIP: Select this box to enable routing, then select which routing protocol to use:

- **RIPv1:** Protocol in which the IP address is routed through the internet.
- RIPv2: Enhanced version of RIPv1 with added features such as Authentication, Routing Domain, Next Hop Forwarding, and Subnet-mask Exchange.

ROUTING RULES

ID: This identifies the rule.

Destination: Enter in the IP of the specified network that you want to access

using the static route.

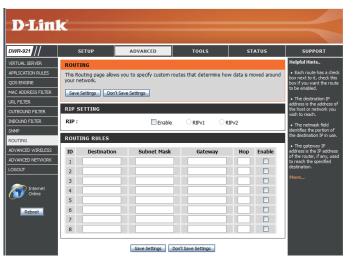
Subnet Mask: Enter in the subnet mask to be used for the specified network.

Gateway: Enter in the gateway IP address for the specified network.

Hop: Enter in the amount of hops it will take to reach the specified network.

Note: In a transmission path, each link is terminated at a network device such as a router or gateway. The number of hops equals the number of routers or gateways that data must pass through before reaching the destination.

Enable: Select this box to enable the rule.



Advanced Wireless

Advanced Wireless contains settings which can negatively affect the performance of your router if configured improperly. Do not change these settings unless you are already familiar with them or have been instructed to make the change by one of our support personnel. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

Beacon Interval: Specify a value for the beacon interval. Beacons are packets

sent by an Access Point to synchronize a wireless network. 100

is the default setting and is recommended.

Transmit Power: Set the transmit power of the antennas.

RTS Threshold: This value should remain at its default setting of 2347. If

inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification

should be made.

Fragmentation: The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes,

determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before

transmission. 2346 is the default setting.

DTIM Interval: Set the interval for DTIM. A Delivery Traffic Indication Message

(DTIM) is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. The default

interval is 3.

WMM Capable: WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia) is a QoS (Quality of Service) system

for your wireless network. Enable this option to improve the quality of video and voice applications for your wireless

clients.

TX Rates: Select the basic transfer rates based on the speed of

wireless adapters on your wireless network. It is strongly

recommended to keep this setting to Auto.



Advanced Network

Advanced Network contains settings which can change the way the router handles certain types of traffic. We recommend that you do not change any of these settings unless you are already familiar with them or have been instructed to make the change by one of our support personnel. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

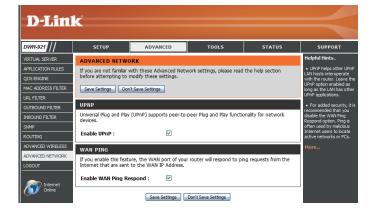
Enable UPnP: Tick this checkbox to use the Universal Plug and Play (UPnP™)

feature. UPNP provides compatibility with various networking

equipment, software, and peripherals.

Enable WAN Ping Select the box to allow the WAN port to be "pinged." Blocking

Respond: WAN pings may provide some extra security from hackers.



Tools

The **TOOLS** pages allow you to adjust various system settings for your router, such as the system time, firmware, and custom schedules. To view the Tools pages, click on **TOOLS** at the top of the screen.



Admin

The **Admin** page allows you to change the Administrator password and enable Remote Management. The admin has read/write access while users only have read-only access. Only the admin has the ability to change both admin and user account passwords. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

ADMINISTRATOR

Admin Password: Enter and confirm the password that the admin account will

use to access the router's management interface.

REMOTE MANAGEMENT

Remote Management: Tick this check box to enable remote management. Remote

management allows the DWR-921 to be configured over the Internet through a web browser. A username and password will still be required to assess the Web Management interface.

will still be required to access the Web-Management interface.

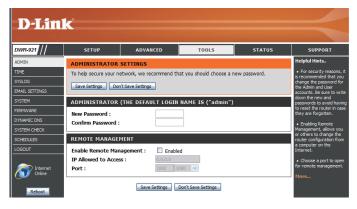
IP Allowed to Access: Enter the Internet IP address of the PC that has access to the

Broadband Router. If you enter an asterisk (*) in this field, then anyone will be able to access the Router. Adding an asterisk (*) into this field could present a security risk and is not

recommended.

Port: This is the port number used to access the router. 8080 is the

port usually used for the Web-Management interface.



Time

This section will help you set the time zone that you are in and an NTP (Network Time Protocol) server to use. Daylight Saving can also be configured to adjust the time when needed. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

Time Zone: Select the appropriate **Time Zone** from the drop-down box.

Enable Daylight Saving: Tick this checkbox to allow for daylight saving adjustments.

Use the dropdown boxes to specify a start date and end date

for daylight saving time adjustments.

AUTOMATIC TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

Tick the Automatically synchronize with Internet time server checkbox to allow the router to use an NTP server to update

the router's internal clock.

NTP Server Used: Enter an NTP server to use for time synchronization, or use the

dropdown box to select one. Click the **Update Now** button to

synchronize the time with the NTP server.



Syslog

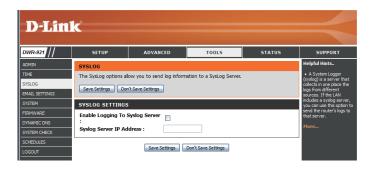
The DWR-921 keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the router. You may send these logs to a syslog server on your network. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Enable Logging to Syslog Tick this checkbox to send the router logs to a syslog server.

Server:

Syslog Server IP Address: Enter the IP address of the syslog server that the router will

send the logs to.



E-mail Settings

E-mail Settings allow you to send the system log files, router alert messages, and firmware update notifications to an e-mail address. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Enable E-mail When this option is enabled, router activity logs will be

Notification: e-mailed to the specified e-mail address.

SMTP Sever IP and Port: Enter the SMTP server IP address the router will use to send

e-mails. Enter the complete IP address followed by a colon(:)

and the port number. (e.g. 123.123.123.1:25).

SMTP Username: Enter the username for the SMTP account.

SMTP Password: Enter the password for the SMTP account.

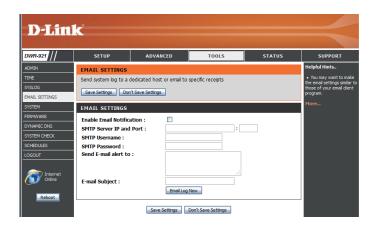
Send E-mail Alert to: Enter the e-mail address where you would like the router to

send e-mails to.

E-mail Subject: Enter a subject for the e-mail.

E-mail Log Now: Click this button to send the current logs to the specified

e-mail address.



System

Here, you can save the current system settings to a local hard drive. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Save Settings To Local Use this option to save your current router configuration Hard Drive settings to a file. Click Save to open a file dialog, and then select a location and file name for the settings.

Load Settings From Local Use this option to load previously saved router configuration Hard Drive: settings. Click Browse... and select the saved file and then click the **Upload Settings** button to upload the settings to the router.

Restore To Factory This option will restore all settings back to their defaults. Any **Default Settings:** settings that have not been backed up will be lost, including any rules that you have created.



Firmware

Here, you can upgrade the firmware of your router. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer and then click **Browse** to upload the file. You can check for and download firmware updates at the D-Link support site at **http://support.dlink.com**. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Current Firmware Version: Displays your current firmware's version.

Current Firmware Date: Displays your current firmware's release date.

Upload: After you have downloaded a new firmware, click **Browse** to

locate the firmware on your computer, then click **Upload** to

start the firmware upgrade.

Warning: You must use a wired computer to upload the

firmware file; do not use a wireless computer. During the upgrade process, do not power off your computer or router, and do not refresh the browser window

until the upgrade is complete.

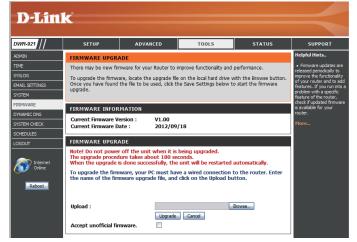
Accept Unofficial If the firmware you want to install is not an official D-Link

Firmware: release, you will need to check this checkbox.

Warning: Unofficial firmwares are not supported, and may

cause damage to your device. Use of unofficial

firmwares is at your own risk.



Dynamic DNS

The DDNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, or Game Server) using a domain name that you have purchased (such as www.exampledomain.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. You can use one of the listed DDNS service, or you can sign up for D-Link's free DDNS service at www.dlinkddns.com. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

DDNS: Tick this checkbox to enable the DDNS feature.

Provider: Select a DDNS service provider to use.

Host Name: Enter the **Host Name** that you registered with your DDNS

service provider.

Username / E-mail: Enter the Username for your DDNS account.

Password / Key: Enter the Password for your DDNS account.



System Check

This useful diagnostic utility can be used to check if a computer is connected to the network. It sends ping packets and listens for responses from the specific host. After modifying any settings, click Save Settings to save your changes.

Host Name or IP Address: Enter a host name or the IP address that you want to ping and click the Ping button. The results of the ping attempt will be displayed in the PING RESULT section below.



Schedules

This section allows you to manage schedule rules for various firewall and parental control features. After modifying any settings, click **Save Settings** to save your changes.

Enable Schedule: Tick this checkbox to enable schedules.

Edit: Click this button to edit the selected rule. (see below)

Delete: Click this button to delete the selected rule.

Previous Page: Click this button to go to the previous page of rules.

Next Page: Click this button to go to the next page of rules.

Click this button to specify the start time, end time, and name

of the rule.

Add New Rule..: Click this button to create a new rule. (see below)

Name of Rule #: Enter a name for your new schedule.

Policy: Select Activate or Inactivate to decide whether features that

use the schedule should be active or inactive except during

the times specified.

Week Day: Select a day of the week for the start time and end time.

Start Time (hh:mm): Enter the time at which you would like the schedule to

become active.

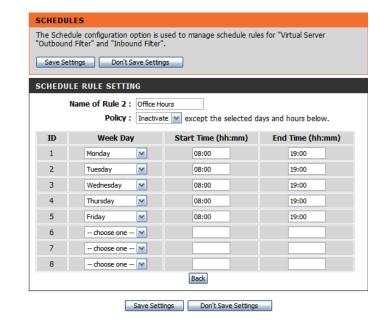
End Time (hh:mm): Select the time at which you would like the schedule to

become inactive.

After making your changes, click Save Settings to save the

schedule.





Status

The **STATUS** pages allow you to see the current status of the router for various categories, including WAN, 3G, network, and wireless. To view the Status pages, click on **STATUS** at the top of the screen.



Device Info

All of your Internet and network connection details are displayed on this page. The firmware version is also displayed here.

General: Displays the current time and firmware version.

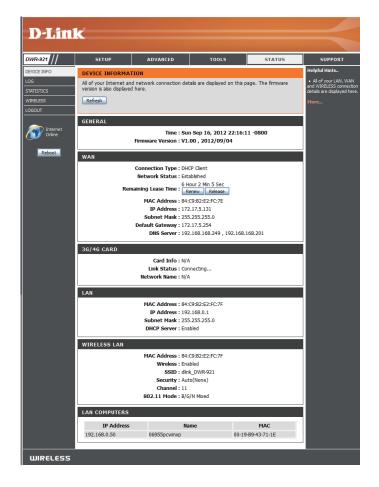
WAN: Displays the WAN connection details of the router.

3G Card: Displays the 3G connection details of the router.

LAN: Displays the LAN connection details of the router.

Wireless LAN: Displays the wireless LAN connection details of the router

LAN Computers: Displays the list of clients connected to the router.



Log

Here, you can view and download the system log.

Previous: Click this button to go to the previous page of the log.

Next: Click this button to go to the next page of the log.

First Page: Click this button to skip to the first page of the log.

Last Page: Click this button to skip to the last page of the log.

Refresh: Click this button to refresh the system log.

Download: Click this button to download the current system log to your

computer.

Clear Logs: Click this button to clear the system log.

Link To Log Settings: Click this button for a link that goes to the Log Settings page.



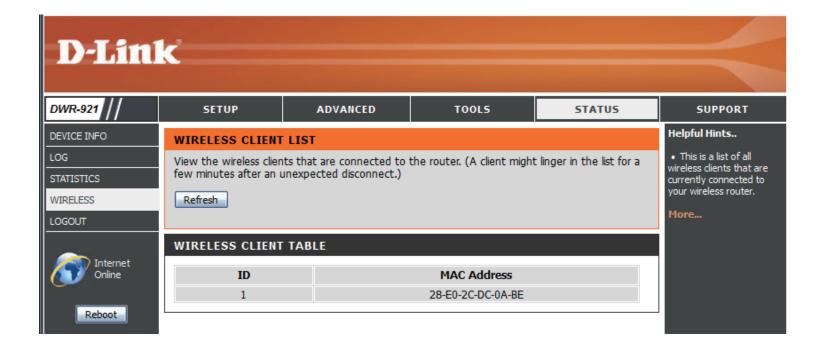
Statistics

Here you can view the packets transmitted and received by your router for both the WAN and LAN ports. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted. Click the **Refresh** button to refresh the WAN statistics.



Wireless

This table displays a list of wireless clients that are connected to your wireless router. Click **Refresh** to refresh the list.



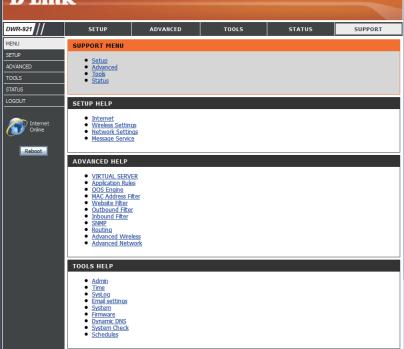
Support

The **SUPPORT** pages provide help information for each section of the device's interface. To view the Support pages, click on **SUPPORT** at the top of the screen.



STATUS

SUPPORT



Connecting to a Wireless Network Using Windows 7

Windows 7 users may use the built-in wireless utility to connect to a wireless network. If you are using another company's utility or Windows 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows 7 utility as seen below.

If you receive the Wireless Networks Detected bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility. You can also click on the wireless icon in your system tray (lower-right corner).

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.



Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check your TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to "Networking Basics" on page 81 for more information.



Configuring Wireless Security

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Click on the wireless icon in your system tray (lower-right corner).



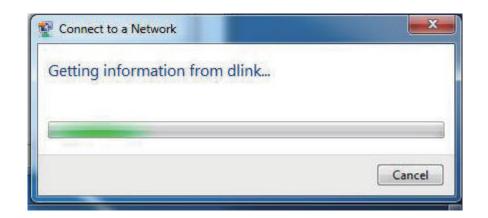
2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.



3. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the **Connect** button.



4. The following window appears while your computer tries to connect to the router.



5. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Using Windows Vista™

Windows® Vista™ users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's utility or Windows® 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows® Vista™ utility as seen below.

If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

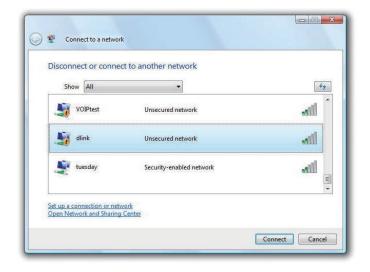
or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **Connect to a network**.



The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check the TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to "Networking Basics" on page 81 for more information.



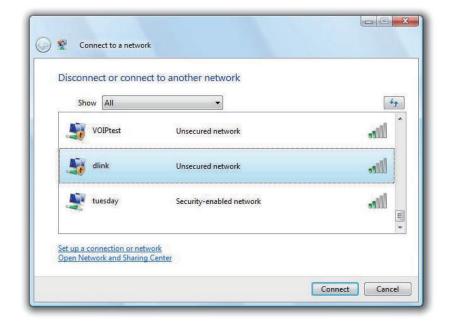
Configuring Wireless Security

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WEP/WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows® Vista™ Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select Connect to a network.

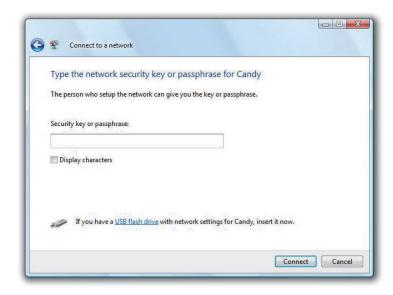


2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click Connect.



3. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click Connect.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



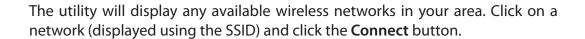
Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows® XP

Windows XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). The following instructions are for Service Pack 2 users. If you are using another company's utility or Windows 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows XP utility as seen below.

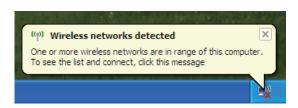
If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

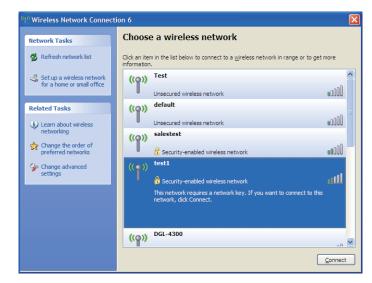
Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.



If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check the TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to "Networking Basics" on page 81 for more information.



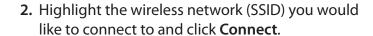




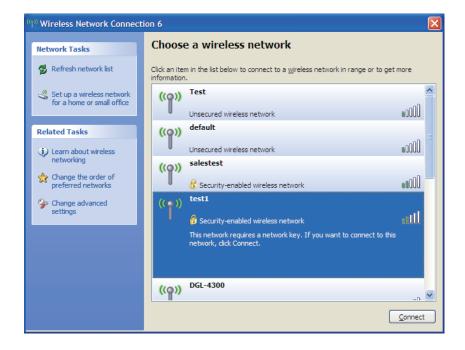
Configure WEP

It is recommended to enable WEP on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WEP key being used.

1. Open the Windows* XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select View Available Wireless Networks.

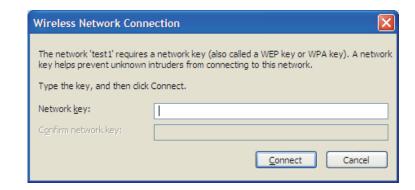






3. The **Wireless Network Connection** box will appear. Enter the same WEP key that is on your router and click **Connect**.

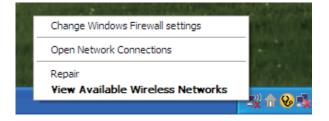
It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WEP settings are correct. The WEP key must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



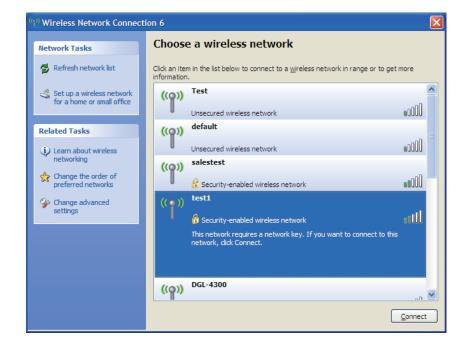
Configure WPA-PSK

It is recommended to enable WPA on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WPA key being used.

 Open the Windows[®] XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select View Available Wireless Networks.

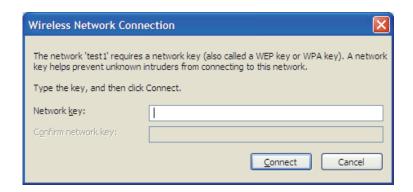


2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



3. The Wireless Network Connection box will appear. Enter the WPA-PSK passphrase and click Connect.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WPA-PSK settings are correct. The WPA-PSK passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DWR-921. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems.

1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link router (192.168.0.1 for example), you are not connecting to a website on the Internet or have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

- Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:
 - • Internet Explorer 6 or higher
 - Netscape 8 or higher
 - • Mozilla 1.7.12 (5.0) or higher
 - • Opera 8.5 or higher
 - • Safari 1.2 or higher (with Java 1.3.1 or higher)
 - • Camino 0.8.4 or higher
 - • Firefox 1.5 or higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as Zone Alarm, Black Ice, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows* XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
 - • Go to **Start** > **Settings** > **Control Panel**. Double-click the **Internet Options** Icon. From the **Security** tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
 - • Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
 - • Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
 - • Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your the web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. Please note that this process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1, and the default username is **admin** and the password should be left blank.

Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A Wireless Router is a device used to provide this link.

What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly, so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

Why D-Link Wireless?

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

How does wireless work?

Wireless works similar to how cordless phone work, through radio signals to transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point as seen in the picture, the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, college and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away.

Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power which makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology as become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it. Whether it's for home, office, or business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

Home

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check e-mail, instant message, etc
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

Small Office and Home Office

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link Cardbus Adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to Internet from remote locations like Airports, Hotels, Coffee Shops, Libraries, Restaurants, and Convention Centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

Tips

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

Centralize your Router or Access Point

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

Eliminate Interference

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

Security

Don't let you next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Secure your wireless network by turning on the WPA or WEP security feature on the router. Refer to product manual for detail information on how to set it up.

Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- • Infrastructure All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- • Ad-Hoc Directly connecting to another computer, for peer-to-peer communication, using wireless network adapters on each computer.

An Infrastructure network contains an Access Point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An Ad-Hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless cardbus adapters. All the adapters must be in Ad-Hoc mode to communicate.

Networking Basics

Check your IP address

After you install your new D-Link adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on **Start** > **Run**. In the run box type *cmd* and click **OK**. (Windows Vista users type *cmd* in the **Start Search** box.)

At the prompt, type *ipconfig* and press **Enter**.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.

Statically Assign an IP address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

Step 1

Windows® Vista® - Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Manage Network Connections.

Windows XP - Click on Start > Control Panel > Network Connections.

Windows 2000 - From the desktop, right-click **My Network Places** > **Properties**.

Step 2

Right-click on the Local Area Connection which represents your network adapter and select Properties.

Step 3

Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

Step 4

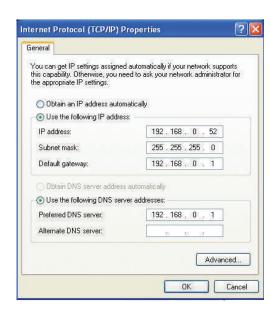
Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

Step 5

Click **OK** twice to save your settings.



Technical Specifications

LTE Band

800 / 900 / 1800 / 2600 MHz

UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 1

- 900 / 2100 MHz
- Power Class 3

Data Rates²

- Up to 150 Mbps with 802.11n clients
- 6/9/11/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps in 802.11g mode
- 1/2/5.5/11 Mbps in 802.11b mode
- LTE Uplink: Up to 50 Mbps
- LTE Downlink: Up to 100 Mbps

Standards

- 802.11b/g, compatible with 802.11n devices
- **802.3**
- 802.3u

Wireless Security

- 64/128-bit WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy)
- WPA & WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access)

Firewall

- Network Address Translation (NAT)
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)

VPN

L2TP/PPTP/IPSEC/VPN Pass-through

Antenna

Two detachable 3G/4G antennas

Ports

- Four LAN ports (RJ-45)
- WAN port (RJ-45)

USIM Slot

Standard 6-pin SIM card interface

LED Status Indicators

- WAN
- LAN
- WLAN
- 3G
- 4G
- SMS
- Signal

Dimensions (L x W x H)

■ 190 x 111.5 x 23.5 mm (7.48 x 4.39 x 0.93 inches)

Operating Temperature

0 to 40 °C (32 to 104 °F)

Operating Humidity

■ 10% to 90% (Non-condensing)

Certifications

- CE
- Wi-Fi Certified

¹ Supported frequency band is dependent upon regional hardware version.

² Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range.