Robustel GoRugged M1000 UP

Industrial Cellular USB Modem

for 2G / 3G / 4G Networks

User Guide

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About This Document

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Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the modem are used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the modem should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the modem, or for failure of the modem to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The modem generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the modem care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your modem in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using CELLULAR products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the modem will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical equipment. The antenna of the modem should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the modem for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the modem. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 26.6 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Modem may be used at this time.

Using the modem in vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of CELLULAR in vehicle in your country before installing the modem.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the modem while in control of a vehicle.
- Install the modem by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the modem.
- The modem should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the modem is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.

Protecting your modem

- To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your modem with care. Do remember the follow:
- Do not expose the modem to extreme conditions such as high humidity/rain, high temperatures, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the modem. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void.

- Do not drop, hit or shake the modem. Do not use the modem under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the modem only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.

Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2002/95/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)	oH5 mpliant
2002/96/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste electrical and ele equipment (WEEE)	ectronic
2003/108/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 December 2003 amending directive 2002/96/ec on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)	

Table 2: Standards of the Ministry of Information Industry of the People's Republic of China

SJ/T 11363-2006	"Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information Products" (2006-06).
SJ/T 11364-2006	"Marking for Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products" (2006-06). According to the "Chinese Administration on the Control of Pollution caused by Electronic Information Products" (ACPEIP) the EPUP, i.e., Environmental Protection Use Period, of this product is 20 years as per the symbol shown here, unless otherwise marked. The EPUP is valid only as long as the product is operated within the operating limits described in the Hardware Interface Description. Please see Table 3 for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.

Table 3: Toxic or hazardous substances or elements with defined concentration limits

Name of the part	Hazardous substances					
Name of the part	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)
Metal Parts	0	0	0	0	0	О
Circuit Modules	х	0	0	0	0	О
Cables and Cable Assemblies	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plastic and Polymeric parts	0	0	0	0	0	0

o:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

x:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

Revision History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Release Date	Firmware Version	Details
2014-01-17	1.00	First Release

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Chapter 1. Product Concept

1.1 Overview

Robustel GoRugged M1000 UP is a rugged cellular modem with USB interface and plastic enclosure offering state-of-the-art 2G (GPRS/EDGE)/3G (HSPA/EV-DO)/4G (LTE) connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications.

- Control via AT commands.
- USB 2.0 high speed interface allows it to manage and optimize the performances of 3G and 4G high-speed networks.
- LTE downlink/uplink up to 100/50 Mbps.
- Antenna diversity for improved fringe performance optional.
- Comprehensive SDK and enabling drivers for Linux and Windows.
- 1 mini USB 2.0 high speed interface.
- Wide range input voltages from 6 to 26 VDC and extreme operating temperature.
- The plastic enclosure can be mounted on a DIN-rail or on the wall, also with extra ground screw.

1.2 Packing List

Check your package to make certain it contains the following items:

Robustel GoRugged M1000 UP modem x1



3.5mm 2-pin pluggable terminal block for power connector x1

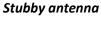


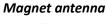
CD with user guide and USB driver x1

Note: Please notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

Optional accessories (can be purchased separately):

SMA antenna (Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna optional) x1









Mini USB cable x1



Wall Mounting Kit



• 35mm Din-Rail mounting kit



AC/DC Power Supply Adapter (12VDC, 1A) x1



1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interface

Standards: LTE (DL/UL up to 100/50 Mbps), HSPA+/HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS, EDGE/GPRS, EVDO 450

Frequency: Please refer to "Selection and Ordering Data"

SIM: 1 x (3V & 1.8V)

Antenna Interface: SMA Female

USB Interface

Number of Ports: 1 x mini USB FemaleSpeed: USB 2.0 High Speed (480 Mbit/s)

ESD Protection: 15KV

GPS (optional for M1000-UP3P and M1000-UP4L)

Protocol: NMEA

Modes: Standalone GPS, Assisted GPS

Drivers

Drivers: Windows 2000/XP/Vista/7/CE, Linux 2.6

System

LED Indicators: RUN

Power Supply and Consumption

Power Supply Interface: 2-pin 3.5mm pluggable terminal block

Input Voltage: 6 to 26 VDC

Power Consumption: Idle: 50-60 mA@12 V

Data Link: 100 to 200 mA (peak)@12 V

Physical Characteristics

Housing & Weight: Plastic, 105g

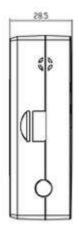
• Dimension(L x W x H): 75 x 85 x 28 mm

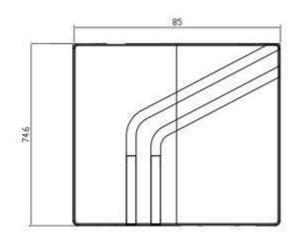
Installation: 35mm Din-Rail or wall mounting or desktop

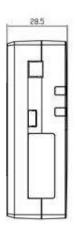
Selection and Ordering Data

Model No.	Air Interface	Frequency	Operating Environment
		LTE 800/900/1800/2100/2600 MHz (DL/UL up to	
M1000-UP4L	LTE/HSPA+/UMTS/EDGE/GPRS	100/50 Mbps)	-25 to 60°C/5 to 95% RH
		UMTS 900/2100 MHz, GSM 900/1800/1900 MHz	
M1000-UP3P	HSPA+/UMTS/EDGE/GPRS	UMTS 850/900/1900/2100 MHz (DL/UL	40 to 95°C/5 to 050/ DII
W1000-0P3P		14.4/5.76 Mbps) , GSM Quad Band	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
M4000 HB3H	LICUDA /UNATC/FDCF/CDDC	UMTS 900/2100 MHz (DL/UL 7.2/5.76 Mbps),	40 to 95°C/5 to 050/ DII
M1000-UP3H HSUPA/UMTS/EDGE/GPRS		GSM 900/1800 MHz	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
M1000-UP3E	EVDO 450 Rev. B/Rev. A	EVDO 450 MHz (DL/UL 14.7/5.4 Mbps)	-20 to 60°C/5 to 95% RH
M1000-UP	mPCIe interface	w/o module, mPCIe interface	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH

1.4 Dimensions

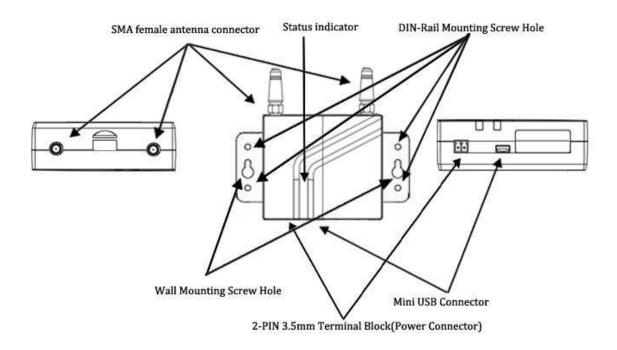






Chapter 2. Installation

2.1 Overview



2.2 LED Indicator

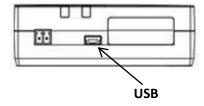


Name	Color	Status	Description		
DUN	Croon	On	M1000 UP is powered up.		
KUN	RUN Green	Off	M1000 UP is powered off.		

2.3 USB interface

USB interface can be used for configuration, sending/receiving data and power supply. When USB interface of M1000 UP is used for sending/receiving data as well as power supply, current/voltage output of USB interface which connects to M1000 UP's USB interface shall at least reach **1A**/5V.

Note: Normally, current/voltage output of PC's USB 2.0 interface is only 0.5A/5V. So when you use USB interface for sending/receiving data, you should use power input interface for power supply (please check section 2.8).



2.4 Install SIM Card

Be sure to insert a SIM card before you use the modem.

Note: A SIM card set with PIN code cannot be used normally in the modem without the correct PIN code.

Make sure to disconnect the adapter and switch off your modem before inserting or removing your SIM/USIM card.



■ Inserting SIM Card

- 1. Make sure your adapter is disconnected.
- 2. Insert the SIM card, and you need press the SIM card with your fingers until you hear "a cracking sound".

Removing SIM card

- 1. Make sure your adapter is disconnected.
- 2. Press the SIM card until you hear "a cracking sound", then the SIM card will pop up to be pulled out.

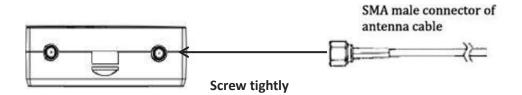
Note:

- 1. Don't touch the metal surface of the SIM card in case information in the card is lost or destroyed.
- 2. Don't bend or scratch your SIM card. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 3. Make sure to disconnect the power source from your modem before inserting and removing your SIM card.



2.5 Connect the External Antenna (SMA Type)

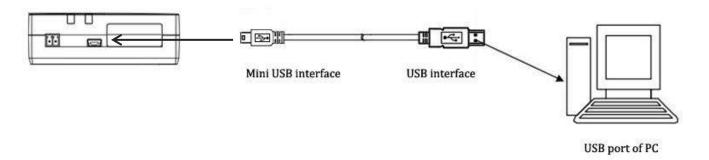
Connect this to an external antenna with SMA male connector. Make sure the antenna is for the correct frequency as your GSM/GPRS/UMTS/HSPA operator with impedance of 50ohm, and also connector is screwed tightly.



2.6 Connect the Modem to External Device

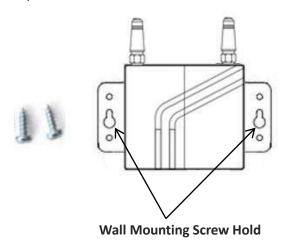
User can use the USB cable to connect the modem's Mini USB Connector to external slave devices / controller / computer.

Note: User needs to install relevant USB driver to PC, which you can find out in the CD.



2.7 Mount the Modem

Use 2 pcs of M3 screw to mount the modem on the wall.

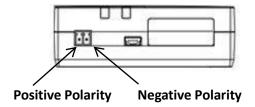


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Or to mount the modem on a DIN rail, you need three pcs of M3 screws.



2.8 Power Supply



The power supply range is 6 to 26 VDC.

Note: Please take care about the polarity, and do not make reverse connection.

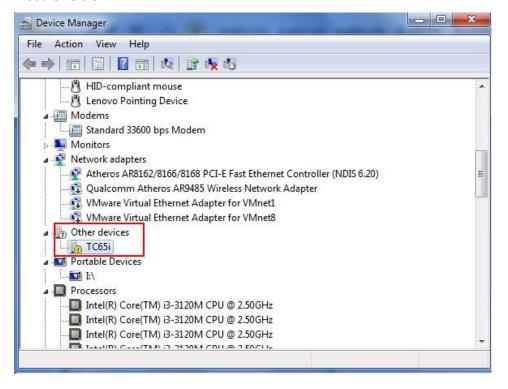
Chapter 3. Operate the Modem

3.1 AT command Set

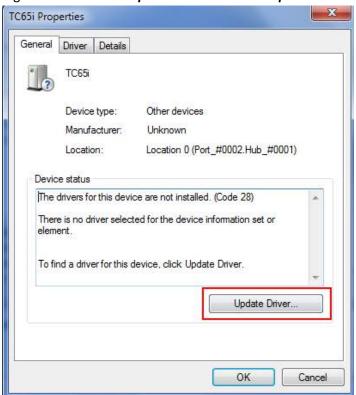
We can operate and configure M1000 UP via AT commands through mini USB port. This chapter will introduce how to install USB driver and AT command examples while configuring M1000 UP.

3.1.1 Install USB driver

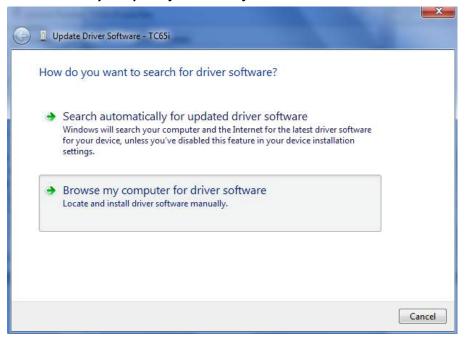
1. In the Control Panel, when you connect USB cable to PC, it will pop up tab *Other devices* and show M1000 UP's module version.



2. Right-click to enter **Properties** and then click **Update Driver**.



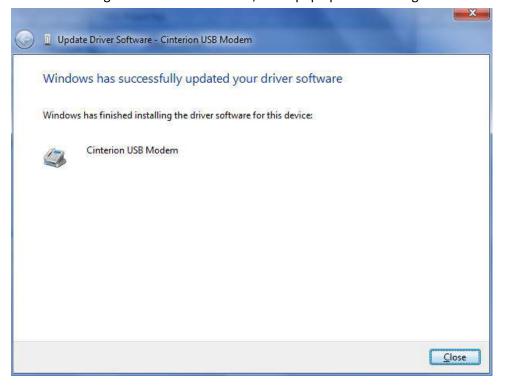
3. Click Browse my computer for driver software.



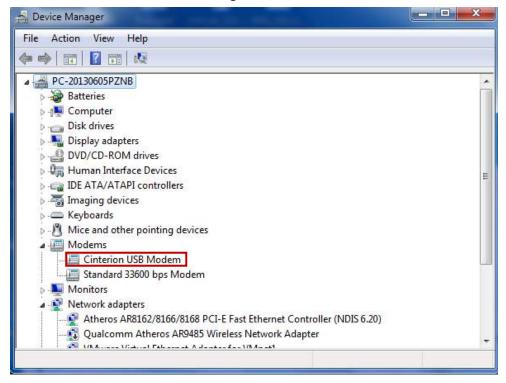
4. Click *Browse* to locate to position of the USB driver (you can find out relevant USB driver in the CD), then click *Next*.



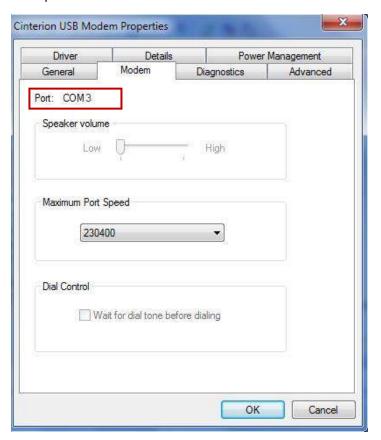
5. After succeeding to install the USB driver, it will pop up the following window.



6. A simulated virtual COM port which binds to the USB interface of M1000 UP will open after USB driver has been installed. Please check "Device Manager" -> "Modems".



7. Select the USB modem and right-click to enter "Properties". In tab "Modem", you will find that there is simulated COM port which serial software such as secureCRT needs to connect to.



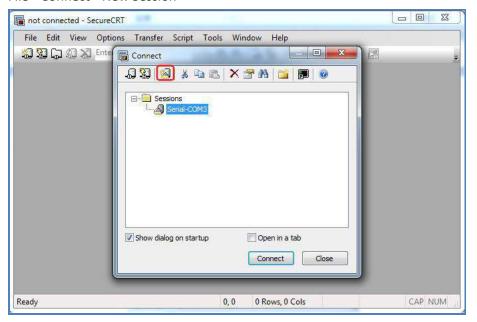
3.1.2 Start SecureCRT

We can enter AT commands to configure M1000 UP from serial software such as **secureCRT**, you can download this software via link: https://app.box.com/s/arkn6xk1asgs1myvuuie.

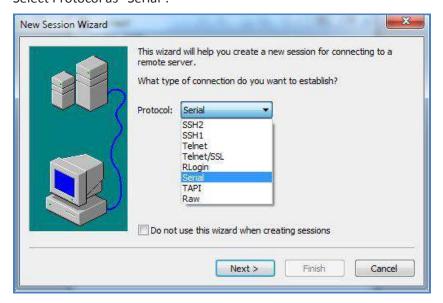
1. Double click SecureCRT Potable.exe.



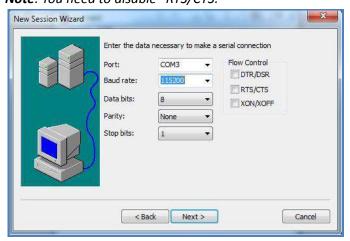
2. File->Connect->New Session

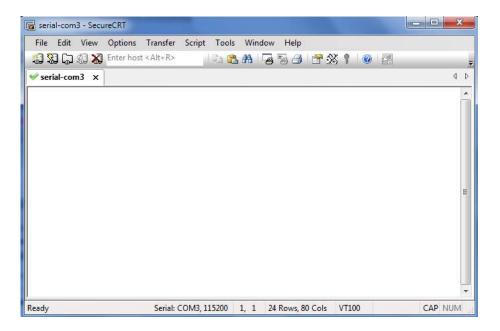


3. Select Protocol as "Serial".



4. Select the simulated COM port and match the parameters as below, click the "Next" button to finish this session. **Note**: You need to disable "RTS/CTS.





3.1.3 AT Command Examples

M1000 UP supports the guidelines known as the "AT Command Set." AT Command Set is the industry standard line-oriented command language used to communicate with the modem.

Followings are examples of some AT commands. Please refer to the AT command guide for a full description.

Description	AT commands	Modem response	Comments		
Madam admayladgamant	АТ	OK	Responding OK indicates that the modem is		
Modem acknowledgement	AT	ОК	ready.		
Desciving signal strongth	ATICO	LCCO. 10.00	The first parameter has to be at least 15 for		
Receiving signal strength	AT+CSQ	+CSQ: 19,99	normal communication.		
Output output DIN status	AT , CDINI2	, CDIN, DEADY	SIM card is correctly inserted and modem is		
Query current PIN status	AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: READY	not pending for any password		

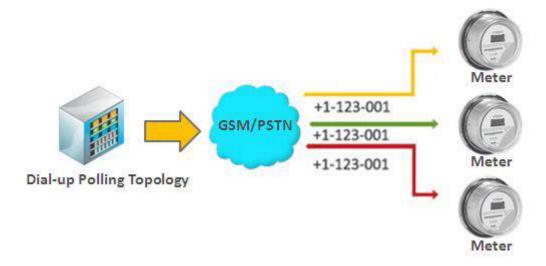
		+CPIN: SIM PIN	PIN1 is required
		+CPIN: SIM PUK	PUK1 is required
Saves parameters in	AT&W	ОК	The configuration settings are stored.
non-volatile memory	AIQW	OK	

3.2 CSD Connection

3.2.1 Overview

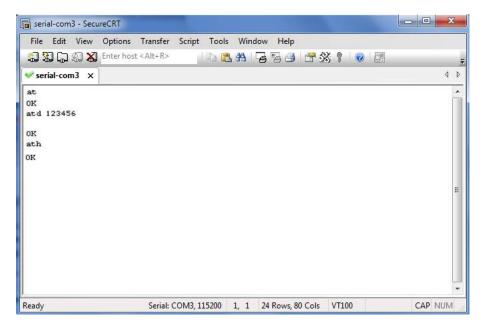
A Circuit-Switched Data Connection makes the wireless modem work in a manner similar to a regular analog modem. CSD (Circuit Switched Data) is the original form of data transmission developed for cellular systems. By using a single radio time slot, CSD is able to deliver 9.6 to 14.4 kbit/s data transmission to both the CELLULAR Network and PSTN Switching Subsystem through direct calls. Most of the time, it is initiated by standard AT commands. Using the modem to access remote devices by CSD is often more convenient than installing cables and data lines. Data collection and monitoring will be more flexible since CSD can be used for applications that are hard to wire or hard to access.

Note: Ensure that your SIM card has the CSD Service activated. For most regions, you must apply to your mobile service provider to receive this service.



3.2.2 Establishing a CSD Connection

- 1. Start SecureCRT with serial parameters 115200,8,n,1.
- 2. Type ATD <phone number> and press Enter to establish a CSD connection. (e.g. ATD 123456, in which 123456 is the phone number.)
- 3. After remote side answering the CSD call, then the CSD connection has been established successfully.
- 4. To close the CSD connection, type +++. The modem will respond with OK to indicate that you have already switched back to the command mode. It means you can enter AT commands again via SecureCRT.
- 5. Type **ATH** and press **Enter** to disconnect.

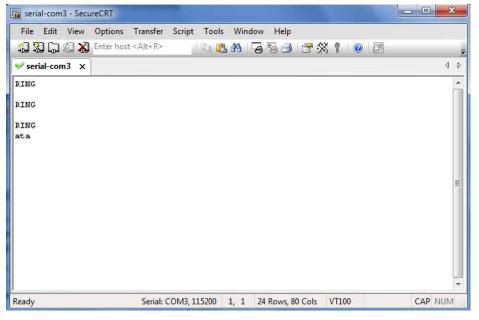


Note:

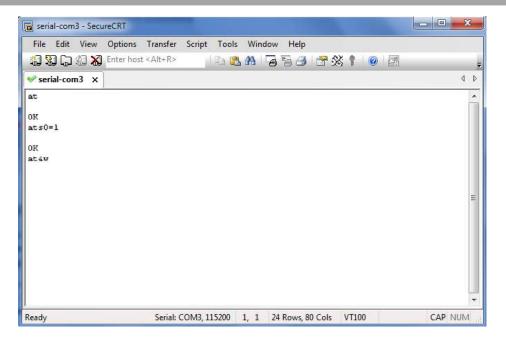
- +++ is the escape sequence, and ATH is the hang-up command.
- For international calls, the local international prefix does not need to be set, but does need to be replaced by the + character. E.g., you would type **ATD+86**123456, in which +86 is the country code.

3.2.3 Answering a CSD Connection

1. When secureCRT displays the RING response, type ATA, and press Enter.



- 2. In the secureCRT window, type ATS0=x and press Enter. For x, substitute the number of rings that the modem should receive before answering the call. For example, to answer after the first ring, type ATS0=1.
- 3. Type AT&W and press Enter.



- 4. To close the CSD connection, type +++. The modem will respond with OK to indicate that you have already switched back to the command mode.
- 5. Type **ATH** and press Enter to disconnect.

3.3 Using Short Message Service

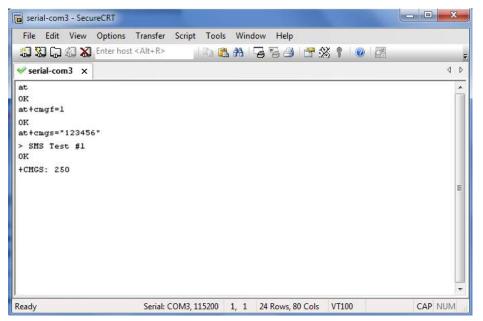
Cellular technology offers the benefit of using SMS (short message service) as an easy way to communicate over the mobile network.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- 1. Sending a Short Message
- 2. Reading a Short Message
- 3. Deleting a Short Message

3.3.1 Sending a Short Message

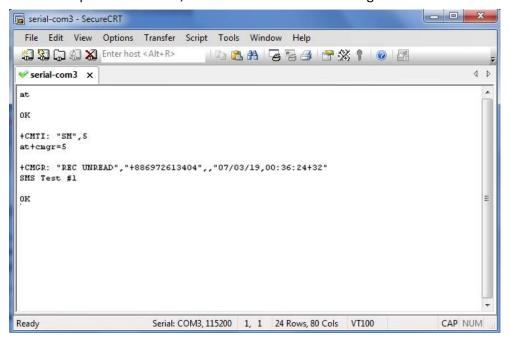
- 1. Type AT+CMGF=1 and press Enter.
- 2. Type **AT+CMGS="<phone number>"** and press **Enter.** The terminal will automatically move to the next line, which starts with >. Type your message on the right of the >.
- 3. Enter Ctrl + Z deliver the message.



Note: AT+CMGF=1 sets the SMS to Text mode.

3.3.2 Reading a Short Message

- 1. Type AT+CMGF=1 and then press Enter.
- 2. Type AT+CNMI=2,1 and then press Enter.
- 3. When a short message is received, the modem will show the storage number of the message after "+CMIT: "SM", x" (where the x is the storage number).
- 4. Type **AT+CMGR=***x* to read the message.
- 5. In the example shown below, the **x=5** means that the message is stored in the 5th storage location.



3.3.3 Deleting a Short Message

Type **AT+CMGD=***x*,*n* and then press **Enter**.

This is where x represents one of the following options:

"REC UNREAD" Shows received unread messages.

"REC READ" Shows received read messages.

"STO UNSENT" Shows stored unsent messages.

"STO SENT" Shows stored sent messages.

"ALL" Shows messages.

This is where n represents one of the following options:

- O Delete message at location <include the index number>
- 1 Delete all READ messages.
- 2 Delete all READ and SENT messages.
- **3** Delete all READ, SENT, and UNSENT messages.
- 4 Delete ALL messages. "REC UNREAD" Shows received unread messages.

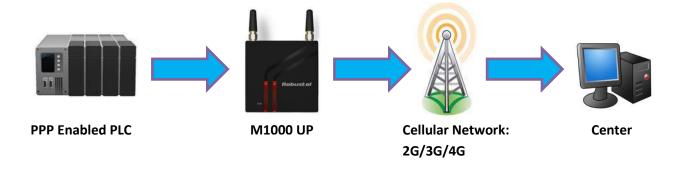
Note: Refer to the Documentation and Software CD / AT_Commands / AT_Commands.pdf for further detail commands information using SMS.

3.4 Cellular Network Connection

3.4.1 Overview

A cellular network is a wireless network distributed over land areas called cells, each served by at least one fixed-location transceiver, known as a cell site or base station. We can use our mobile phones or PCs to connect to cellular network basing on 2G (GPRS/EDGE)/3G (HSPA/EV-DO)/4G (LTE) technology.

M1000 UP offers state-of-the-art 2G (GPRS/EDGE)/3G (HSPA/EV-DO)/4G (LTE) connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications, it can provide cellular network connection for end-user devices such as PCs, embedded computers, and PLCs that are PPP-enabled and can be easily connected to the cellular network and the Internet.



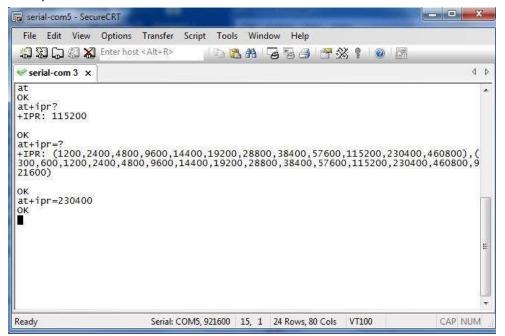
3.4.2 Internet Access for PC

The modem can use Windows DUN (Dial-up Networking) to provide the Internet access through the cellular network. Instructions are described in the following chapters.

Note: The specific steps may vary depending on your version of Windows and your Windows settings. Following steps are basing on Windows 7.

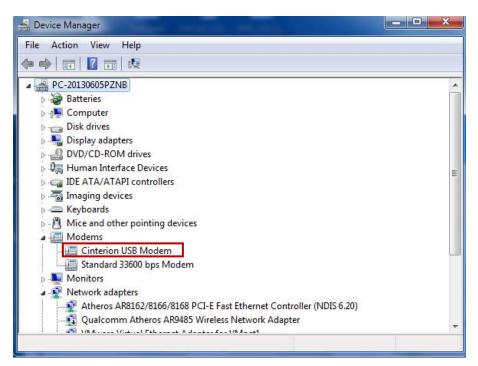
Change baudrate of modem

 You can set baudrate of the simulated COM port to highest speed following the diagram below. The highest speed of the simulated port varies from different module of M1000 UP, you can use AT command "AT+IPR=?" to check baudrate details. In this document, we use AT command "AT+IPR=230400" to set baudrate of the simulated COM port to 230400.

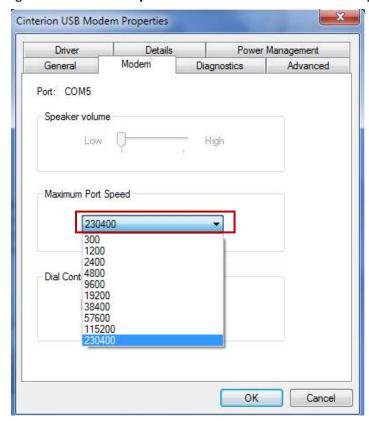


Set Maximum Port Speed

1. In the Control Panel, Select the USB modem in tab *Device Manager -> Modems -> XXX USB modem*.



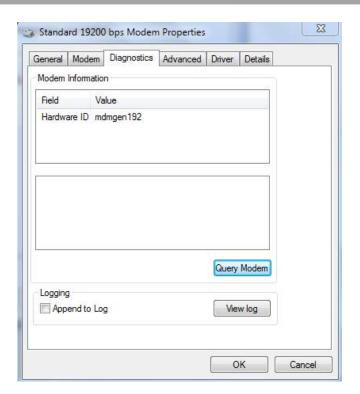
2. Right-click to enter *Properties*. You can select the maxumum port speed as 230400 in tab *Modem*.



Modem Diagnostics

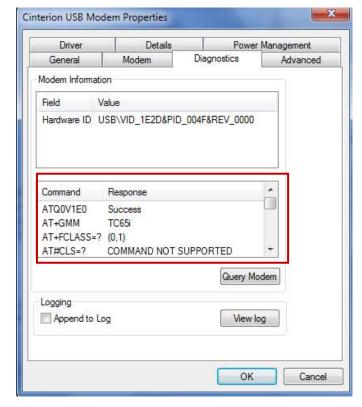
Follow these steps to verify that the modem is installed properly and has been activated.

1. Click the *Diagnostics* tab, and then click *Query Modem*. After that it will popup "Please Wait" window. This process will almost take you 4 seconds.





2. If the query is successful, both commands sent to the modem and responses from the modem will be displayed. Click OK to close the window.

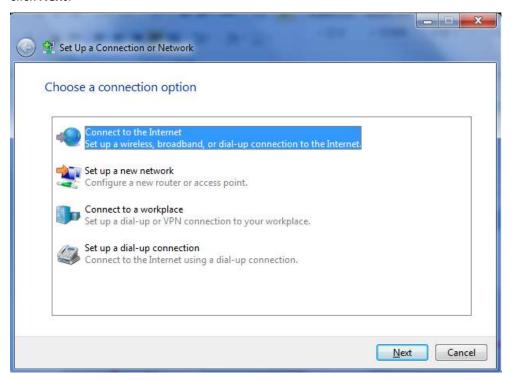


Adding Windows DUN

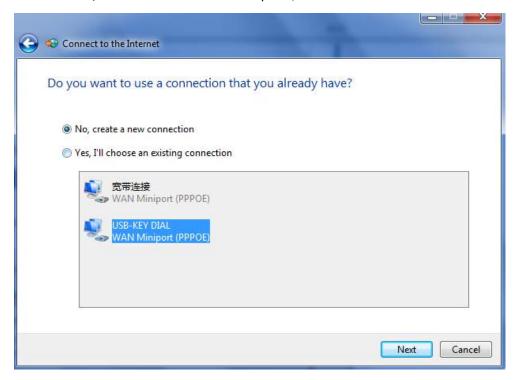
Follow these steps to add Windows Dial-up Networking.

- 1. In the Control Panel, open Network and Sharing Center, and then click Set up a new connection or network.
- 2. When the Set Up a Connection or Network window opens, select the Connect to the Internet option, and then

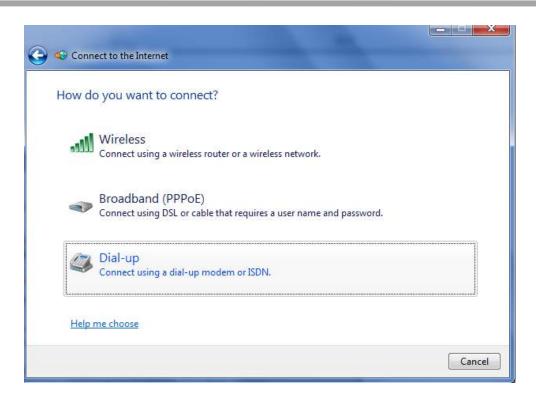
click Next.



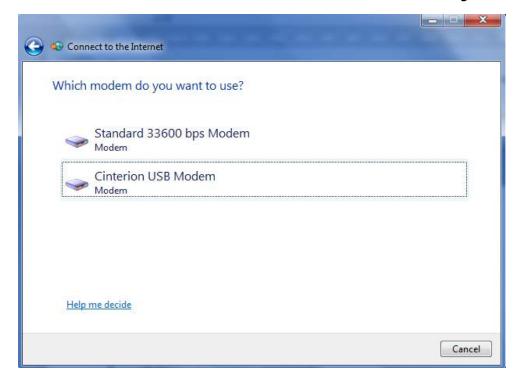
3. Select the No, create a new connection option, and then click Next.



4. Select the *Dial-up* option.

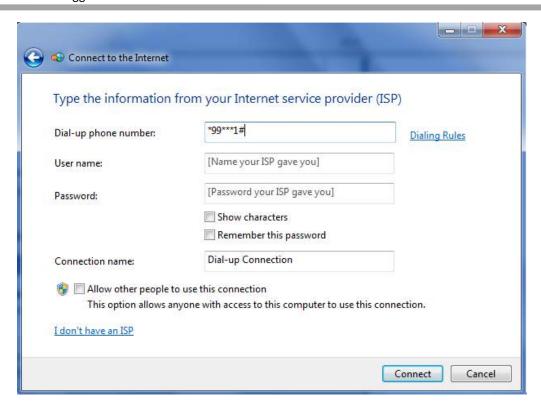


5. Select the correct USB Modem which is shown as the same as **Device Manager** -> **Modems** -> **XXX USB modem.**



6. Type *99***1# in the Phone number text input box, and type the *User name* and *Password* in the appropriate text boxes, and then click *Connect*.

Note: **User Name** and **Password** is used for cellular dial-up connection, you can check with local ISP whether you need to enter and what you need to enter.



7. After dial up successfully, it will show window below.



8. Also you can try to ping to www.google.com to check whether GPRS connection has been established.

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Administrator\ping \times \times \text{orporation}. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Administrator\ping \times \times \text{orporation}. All rights reserved.

Pinging \times \times \text{orporation}. All rights reserved.

Pinging \times \times \text{orporation}. All rights reserved.

Pinging \times \times \text{orporation}. All rights reserved.

Reply from 173.194.127.49: bytes=32 time=1837ms TIL=50

Reply from 173.194.127.49: bytes=32 time=214ms TIL=50

Ping statistics for 173.194.127.49:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 214ms, Maximum = 1837ms, Average = 803ms

C:\Users\Administrator\
```

Chapter 4. Appendix

4.1 GSM Alphabet

Standard SMS can contain 160 characters. However, the characters typed must be part of the so-called 7-bit default alphabet as specified by GSM 3.38. You can see in the table below that this alphabet contains all ASCII characters and some accented characters.

For example, u umlaut (ü) and e with grave (è), are in this set. Please study the table below to have a complete overview. Using any character not in this set, will make the SMS a Unicode SMS and limit the length of the SMS to 70 characters.

Note: a few characters actually count as two characters. These characters are:

{}[]~|\ and the Euro symbol: €

You can also see that in the table below in the hex column. These characters need to be escaped.

Below is the 7 bit default alphabet as specified by GSM 03.38. The corresponding ISO-8859-1 decimal codes are shown in the rightmost column. Note that the euro sign (€) is also included.

Hex	Dec	Character name	Character	ISO-8859-1 DEC
0×00	0	COMMERCIAL AT	@	64
0×01	1	POUND SIGN	£	163
0×02	2	DOLLAR SIGN	\$	36
0×03	3	YEN SIGN	¥	165
0×04	4	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE	è	232
0×05	5	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE	é	233
0×06	6	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE	ù	249
0×07	7	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE	ì	236
0×08	8	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE	ò	242
0×09	9	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA	Ç	199
0×0A	10	LINE FEED		10
0×0B	11	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE	Ø	216
0×0C	12	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE	ø	248
0×0D	13	CARRIAGE RETURN		13
0×0E	14	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE	Å	197
0×0F	15	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE	å	229
0×10	16	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER DELTA	Δ	
0×11	17	LOW LINE	_	95
0×12	18	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PHI	Φ	
0×13	19	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER GAMMA	Γ	
0×14	20	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER LAMBDA	٨	
0×15	21	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA	Ω	
0×16	22	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PI	П	
0×17	23	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PSI	Ψ	

0×18	24	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER SIGMA	Σ	
0×19	25	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER THETA	Θ	
0×1A	26	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER XI	Ξ	
0×1B	27	ESCAPE TO EXTENSION TABLE		
0×1B0A	27 10	FORM FEED		12
0×1B14	27 20	CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT	۸	94
0×1B28	27 40	LEFT CURLY BRACKET	{	123
0×1B29	27 41	RIGHT CURLY BRACKET	}	125
0×1B2F	27 47	REVERSE SOLIDUS (BACKSLASH)	\	92
0×1B3C	27 60	LEFT SQUARE BRACKET	[91
0x1B3D	27 61	TILDE	~	126
0x1B3E	27 62	RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET]	93
0×1B40	27 64	VERTICAL BAR		124
0×1B65	27 101	EURO SIGN	€	164 (ISO-8859-15)
0×1C	28	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE	Æ	198
0×1D	29	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE	æ	230
0×1E	30	LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S (German)	ß	223
0×1F	31	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE	É	201
0×20	32	SPACE		32
0×21	33	EXCLAMATION MARK	!	33
0×22	34	QUOTATION MARK	u	34
0×23	35	NUMBER SIGN	#	35
0×24	36	CURRENCY SIGN	¤	164 (ISO-8859-1)
0×25	37	PERCENT SIGN	%	37
0×26	38	AMPERSAND	&	38
0×27	39	APOSTROPHE	′	39
0×28	40	LEFT PARENTHESIS	(40
0×29	41	RIGHT PARENTHESIS)	41
0×2A	42	ASTERISK	*	42
0×2B	43	PLUS SIGN	+	43
0×2C	44	СОММА	,	44
0×2D	45	HYPHEN-MINUS	-	45
0×2E	46	FULL STOP	•	46
0×2F	47	SOLIDUS (SLASH)	/	47
0×30	48	DIGIT ZERO	0	48
0×31	49	DIGIT ONE	1	49
0×32	50	DIGIT TWO	2	50
0×33	51	DIGIT THREE	3	51
0×34	52	DIGIT FOUR	4	52
0×35	53	DIGIT FIVE	5	53
0×36	54	DIGIT SIX	6	54
0×37	55	DIGIT SEVEN	7	55
0×38	56	DIGIT EIGHT	8	56

			T _	1
0×39	57	DIGIT NINE	9	57
0×3A	58	COLON	:	58
0×3B	59	SEMICOLON	;	59
0×3C	60	LESS-THAN SIGN	<	60
0×3D	61	EQUALS SIGN	=	61
0×3E	62	GREATER-THAN SIGN	>	62
0×3F	63	QUESTION MARK	?	63
0×40	64	INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK	i	161
0×41	65	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A	Α	65
0×42	66	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B	В	66
0×43	67	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C	С	67
0×44	68	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D	D	68
0×45	69	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E	E	69
0×46	70	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F	F	70
0×47	71	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G	G	71
0×48	72	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H	Н	72
0×49	73	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I	1	73
0×4A	74	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J	J	74
0×4B	75	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K	K	75
0×4C	76	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L	L	76
0×4D	77	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M	М	77
0×4E	78	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N	N	78
0×4F	79	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O	0	79
0×50	80	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P	Р	80
0×51	81	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q	Q	81
0×52	82	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R	R	82
0×53	83	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S	S	83
0×54	84	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T	Т	84
0×55	85	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U	U	85
0×56	86	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V	V	86
0×57	87	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W	W	87
0×58	88	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X	X	88
0×59	89	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y	Υ	89
0×5A	90	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z	Z	90
0×5B	91	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS	Ä	196
0×5C	92	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS	Ö	214
0×5D	93	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE	Ñ	209
0×5E	94	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS	Ü	220
0×5F	95	SECTION SIGN	§	167
0×60	96	INVERTED QUESTION MARK	¿	191
0×61	97	LATIN SMALL LETTER A	а	97
0×62	98	LATIN SMALL LETTER B	b	98
0×63	99	LATIN SMALL LETTER C	С	99

0×64	100	LATIN SMALL LETTER D	d	100
0×65	101	LATIN SMALL LETTER E	е	101
0×66	102	LATIN SMALL LETTER F	f	102
0×67	103	LATIN SMALL LETTER G	g	103
0×68	104	LATIN SMALL LETTER H	h	104
0×69	105	LATIN SMALL LETTER I	i	105
0×6A	106	LATIN SMALL LETTER J	j	106
0×6B	107	LATIN SMALL LETTER K	k	107
0×6C	108	LATIN SMALL LETTER L	I	108
0×6D	109	LATIN SMALL LETTER M	m	109
0×6E	110	LATIN SMALL LETTER N	n	110
0×6F	111	LATIN SMALL LETTER O	0	111
0×70	112	LATIN SMALL LETTER P	р	112
0×71	113	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q	q	113
0×72	114	LATIN SMALL LETTER R	r	114
0×73	115	LATIN SMALL LETTER S	S	115
0×74	116	LATIN SMALL LETTER T	t	116
0×75	117	LATIN SMALL LETTER U	u	117
0×76	118	LATIN SMALL LETTER V	V	118
0×77	119	LATIN SMALL LETTER W	w	119
0×78	120	LATIN SMALL LETTER X	х	120
0×79	121	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y	У	121
0×7A	122	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z	Z	122
0×7B	123	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS	ä	228
0×7C	124	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS	Ö	246
0×7D	125	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE	ñ	241
0×7E	126	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS	ü	252
0×7F	127	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE	à	224

4.2 Troubleshooting

This section of the document describes possible problems encountered when using the Robustel M1000 UP and their solutions.

4.2.1 The modem's LED does not light:

- Check if modem has connected to a proper power supply.
- Check if the power connector is properly inserted.

4.2.2 The modem keep rebooting all the time:

• Please make sure you have inserted the SIM card.

4.2.3 Receiving "No Carrier" Message

If the modem returns a "No Carrier" message upon an attempted call (voice or data), then refer to the table below for possible causes and solutions.

If the modem returns	Then ask	Action	
	Is the received signal strong anough?	Use "AT+CSQ" to check RSSI, please check	
"No Carrier"	Is the received signal strong enough?	Signal Strength Indication.	
	Is the antenna properly connected?	Refer to section 2.5	
	Is the semicolon (;) entered immediately after the phone number in the AT command?	Ensure that the semicolon (;) is entered	
"No Carrier" (when trying to		immediately after the phone number in the	
issue a voice communication)		AT command.	
	in the AT command?	e.g. ATD123456;	
	Is the SIM card configured for data /	Configure the SIM card for data / fax calls	
	fax calls?	(Ask your network provider if necessary).	
	Is the selected bearer type supported	Ensure that the selected bearer type is	
"No Carrier" (when trying to	by the called party?	supported by the called party.	
issue a data communication)		Ensure that the selected bearer type is	
	Is the selected bearer type supported	supported by the network.	
	by the network?	If no success, try bearer select type by AT	
		command: AT+CBST=0,0,3	

Signal Strength Indication

Value of received signal strength indication (RSSI)	Interpretation of the received signal strength
0 to 12	Insufficient or weak
13 to 19	Average
20 to 31	Good
99	No signal

4.3 Terms and Abbreviations

Abbreviations	Description
AC	Alternating Current
APN	Access Point Name of GPRS Service Provider Network
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)
СНАР	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol
CSD	Circuit Switched Data

CTS	Clear to Send
dB	Decibel
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator
DC	Direct Current
DCD	Data Carrier Detect
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN
DI	Digital Input
DO	Digital Output
DSR	Data Set Ready
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EMI	Electromagnetic Interference
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
GND	Ground
GPRS	General Package Radio Service
GSM	Global Standard for Mobile Communications
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identification
kbps	kbits per second
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MAX	Maximum
Min	Minimum
МО	Mobile Originated
MS	Mobile Station
MT	Mobile Terminated
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol
PC	Personal Computer
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PPP	Point-to-point Protocol
PIN	Personal Identity Number
PSU	Power Supply Unit
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment
RF	Radio Frequency
RTC	Real Time Clock
RTS	Request to Send
Rx	Receive Direction
SIM	Subscriber Identification Module

SMA	Subminiature Version A RF Connector
SMS	Short Message Service
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE
Tx	Transmit Direction
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio